COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended September 30, 2012

Kathy B. Hollomon, CPA County Auditor

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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NAVARRO COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

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Kathy B. Hollomon, CPA County Auditor

Phone: (903) 654-3095 Fax: (903) 654-3097

April 29, 2013

Honorable District Judge of Navarro County and Honorable Members of the Navarro County Commissioners' Court

The County Auditor's Office proudly presents the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Navarro County, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. This report is submitted in compliance with Section 114.025 of the *Texas Local Government Code*.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Navarro County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect county assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the basic financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County Auditor, who is appointed by the District Judge, and the County Treasurer. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Navarro County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of Navarro County was part of a broader, federally mandated *Single Audit* designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal

controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented in the Compliance Section of the report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introduction includes this transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Navarro County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statement, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF NAVARRO COUNTY

Navarro County is located in north central Texas and is strategically central to the economic regions of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, as well as centrally located within the United States. The county region was opened for settlement by the Mexican colonization laws and was included in an impresario grant to Thomas J. Chambers on September 23, 1834. The first Texas legislature created the County from Robertson County on March 30, 1846 and designated the town of Corsicana as a temporary seat of justice. The County's name honors Jose Antonio Navarro, a Texas patriot who chose the name Corsicana in honor of the Isle of Corsica, his father's birthplace. The County encompasses an area of 1,086 square miles. According to the 2010 Census, the estimated population for the County was 47,812.

The County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of Navarro County is enhanced through a perspective of the environment in which the County operates.

Local Economy – 2012 proved to be a challenging year with job losses and gains across the sectors of our local economy. Commencing in February, losses of jobs were realized after Snyder's-Lance Foods, Inc. closed the Corsicana plant and laid off approximately 100 employees. In late June, the Kohl's Call Center was relocated to San Antonio, resulting in 180 employees either being transferred or out of work. In July the Home Depot Distribution Center relocated to Dallas, and 180 employees were either transferred to the Dallas facility or became unemployed.

The good news is that new industrial jobs as well as new capital investment were created in Navarro County. In September, Pactiv Corporation announced that it is expanding its Corsicana operations by building a state-of-the-art 150,000 square foot addition to its existing facility on Highway 31. The Pactiv expansion project will add \$58 million in capital improvements and 200 new jobs for the Navarro County area over the next three years. Corsicana Bedding, Inc. added between 75 and 100 total employees during the year. Guardian Corporation, Inc. increased the number of full time employees by 14 during year, and Enterprise Precast Concrete, Inc. is creating approximately 75 new jobs related to its new capital investment of approximately \$3 million. Both of the former Columbia Manufacturing plants in Corsicana have new tenants. Screen Fab, LLC opened in Corsicana creating six new jobs in the facility located at 2235 South US Highway 75, and Freedom Fence created 15 jobs with its expansion into the facility located at 9001 Navarro Road.

The Navarro County medical community is growing. The City of Corsicana and Navarro County designated Navarro Regional Hospital as a Texas Enterprise Zone project, so it could invest approximately total \$11.4 million in capital improvements and retain approximately 434 existing jobs. In 2012, more than \$920,770 in capital assets were placed into service, including a replacement chiller, an ultrasound machine and computer equipment. Other medical and health related expansions include the new Lott's Physical Therapy and Fitness Center on Second Avenue, creating approximately 10 new jobs; and Navarro Dental Center, also on Second Avenue, creating eight new jobs.

During 2012, the Corsicana Downtown District experienced in excess of \$1.3 million in capital reinvestment, including 17 building rehabilitation projects and two new residential units. Navarro County has also experienced new openings in retail stores to include Steele's, creating approximately 25 new jobs, and Rue 21, creating approximately 25 new jobs, which were both opened in the College Park Mall as a result of repurposing entrances to 45th Street. In addition, Beall's retail store relocated to the north end of the College Park Mall and is now located in the space that was formerly Goody's. In the vicinity of the Corsicana Crossing at 3600 South US 287, a Dollar General Store was opened during the fall of 2012.

Long time favorite local eateries Roy's Café, Caleb's Diner, and Two Doors Down Coffee Shop were closed in 2012. However, the Corsicana Crossing retail center, located at the intersection of I-45 and US 287, will become the new home for a Schlotzsky's restaurant; and across the street, anew Whataburger restaurant will be located on Mountain Drive between Applebee's and the Collin Street Bakery.

Long-term Financial Planning -The Commissioners Court continues to be very active in economic development to insure and promote continued growth throughout the County. Vigorous efforts to attract new industry to the area by the Navarro County Commissioners' Court and the Corsicana-Navarro County Chamber of Commerce continue, and the prospect of continued growth in the local economy is very encouraging at this time. Navarro County residents should be optimistic about the new development taking place as a result of the cooperative efforts of governmental entities and local businesses and residents. Our local economic development team continues to work diligently to create an atmosphere that attracts the type of business and industry that will allow Navarro County to continue to build the diversified economic base necessary to support and sustain growth and prosperity.

Major Initiatives – The County learned in February that approximately one half of the estimated construction cost of \$9.7 million was awarded under the Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation Program. County management has continued to work with the architectural firm to develop plans to solicit proposals for the construction phase of the restoration. Management has selected a new financial advisor and is considering financing alternatives and other factors related to the courthouse restoration project, including finding temporary housing and a permanent courthouse annex.

In December 2011, the County commissioners appointed a County Court at Law Judge, and the court began operating in 2012. The new court operates in conjunction with the 13th Judicial District court, and criminal and civil cases are assigned to each court on an alternating basis.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Navarro County, Texas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. This is the 19th consecutive year that Navarro County has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. Only 498 U.S. counties received the award for the 2010 fiscal year. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to the staff of the County Auditor's Office for their continuing diligence and dedication to the ever-changing responsibilities of the office. I would also like to thank the District Judge and the Commissioners' Court of Navarro County for their leadership and support during the past year. In addition to these County resources, I would like to thank Lee McCleary, Economic Development Director, City of Corsicana / Navarro County for his assistance in compiling demographic and statistical data for this report.

Sincerely,

Kathy B. Hollomon, CPA Navarro County Auditor

Kathy B. Wollows

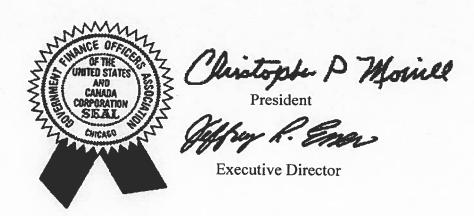
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Navarro County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Constables Peace (4) Justices County Sheriff Assessor /Collector Tax County Clerk County Departments Commissioners County License & Weights Navarro County Voters County County Court at Law Probation **Juvenile Board** District Attorney Juvenile District Judge Community Supervision Appointed Officials County Elected Officials Clerk Treasurer County

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Vii

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Commissioners Court

H. M. Davenport, Jr. Kit Herrington Richard "Dick" Martin David "Butch" Warren James Olsen

County Judge Commissioner, Precinct 1 Commissioner, Precinct 2 Commissioner, Precinct 3 Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judicial

James Lagomarsino Amanda Putman* Vicki Gray Kirby Hill Jackie Freeland Connie Hickman Judge, 13th Judicial District Court Judge, County Court at Law Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4

Law Enforcement

Leslie A. Cotten, Sr.
R. Lowell Thompson
Mike Davis
David Foreman
Vacant
Tommy Grant
Chris Aldama*
Melanie C. Hyder*

County Sheriff
Criminal District Attorney
Constable, Precinct 1
Constable, Precinct 2
Constable, Precinct 3
Constable, Precinct 4
Adult Probation Director
Juvenile Probation Director

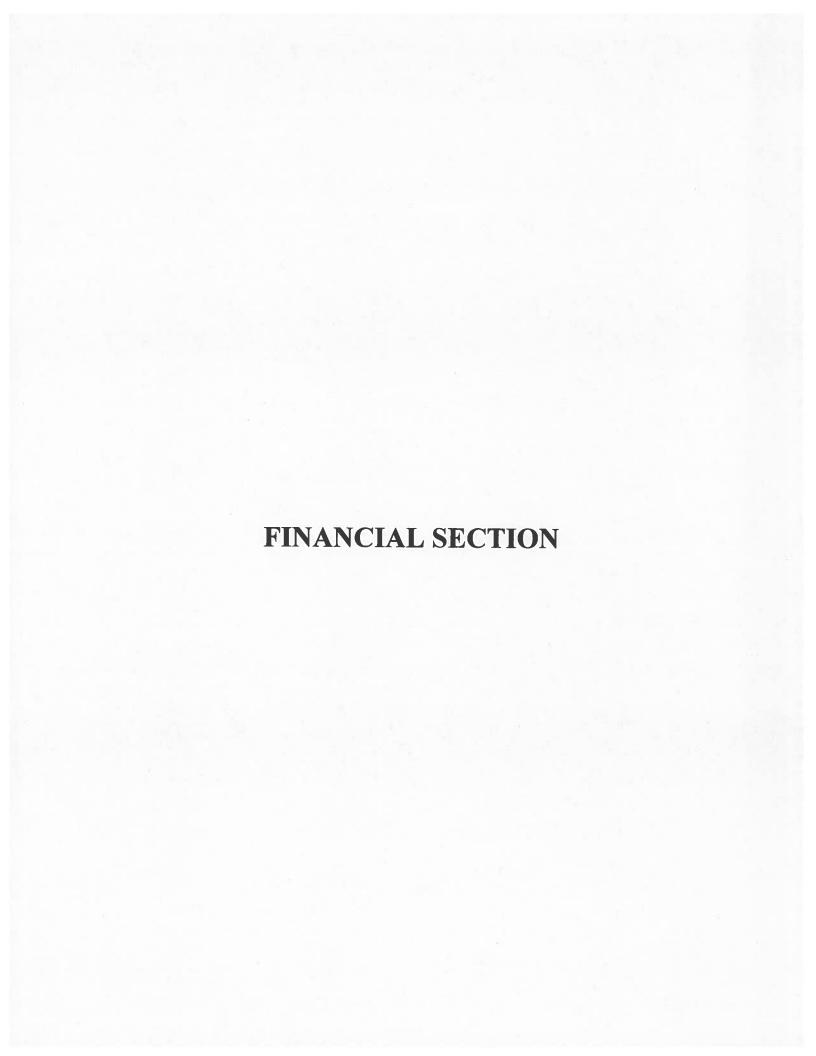
Financial Administration

Kathy B. Hollomon* Frank L. Hull, III Russell P. Hudson County Auditor County Treasurer County Tax Assessor/Collector

Recording Officials

Joshua Tackett Sherry Dowd District Clerk County Clerk

^{*} Denotes appointed officials. All others listed are elected.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Navarro County, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government's Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 29, 2013, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules of funding progress on pages 3 through 11 and 40 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Navarro County, Texas' financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of Navarro County, Texas' management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

April 29, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

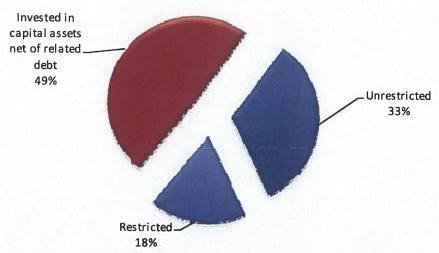
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of Navarro County, Texas, (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements that begin on page 12.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The total government-wide assets of the County exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2012 by \$17,935,050 and is reported as total net assets. Of this amount, \$5,894,974 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$3,242,834 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net assets) and \$8,797,242 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Net Assets by Category



- In contrast to the government-wide financial statements, the fund statements report a combined fund balance at year-end of \$7,970,896 of which \$4,014,022 or 50.36% represents unassigned fund balances.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$4,014,022 or 23.03% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's long-term liability decreased by \$656,390. This decrease is a result of the liquidation of outstanding bonds and capital leases.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements. The single audit is included in this year's CAFR in the compliance section.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt).

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future years.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

• Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 13 governmental funds, 10 Special Revenue Funds, 1 Debt Service Fund, 1 Capital Projects Funds and the General Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and HIDTA Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 11 nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, road and bridge funds, and certain other special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

• Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Navarro County's own programs. The full accrual method of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. A description of all fiduciary funds held by the County can be found on page 18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements on pages 19-39 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary schedules for the General Fund. The County adopts an annual budget for this fund. A budgetary comparison schedule, which includes the original and final budget and actual figures, has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 40-43 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 44 - 59 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$17,935,050 as of September 30, 2012, an increase of \$854,778 as compared with the previous fiscal year.

The County's net assets for the current fiscal year (33%) is made up of unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The largest portion of the County's net assets is investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

NAVARRO COUNTY'S NET ASSETS

	Governmen	ntal Activities
	2012	2011
Current and other assets	\$ 10,110,140	\$ 8,816,441
Capital assets	10,674,164	11,969,040
Total assets	20,784,304	20,785,481
Current and other liabilities	625,872	825,437
Long-term liabilities	2,223,382	2,879,772
Total liabilities	2,849,254	3,705,209
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	8,797,242	9,430,394
Restricted	3,242,834	2,816,039
Unrestricted	5,894,974	4,833,839
Total net assets	\$ 17,935,050	\$ 17,080,272

Assets as of September 30, 2012, reflect a decrease of \$1,177, (0.001%) over assets at the end of fiscal year 2011. Cash and investments increased by \$1,417,101 (23.8%) as compared to the previous year. Accounts receivable decreased slightly as compared to the previous year. Of Navarro County's total assets, the largest components are 1) cash and investments of \$7,366,971, (35.4%), 2) property taxes receivable of \$1,181,472, (5.7%), 3) due from other governments of \$740,235 (3.5%) and 4) capital assets of \$10,674,164, (51.4%). Capital assets are non-liquid assets and cannot be utilized to satisfy County obligations.

Total liabilities decreased \$855,955, (23.1%) in comparison with fiscal year 2011due to a decrease in current liabilities of \$199,565 and a decrease in long-term debt in the amount of \$656,390. Long-term debt decreased primarily due to principal payments bonds payable and capital leases.

Navarro County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$17,935,050 at the close of the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$3,242,834, (18%) represents restricted net assets which are resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restrictions include statutory requirements, bond covenants and grant conditions. Another portion of the County's net assets, \$8,797,242, (49%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure) net of related debt. The other significant portion of the County's net assets for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$5,894,974, (33%) represents unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive net assets in all three categories of net assets for its governmental activities.

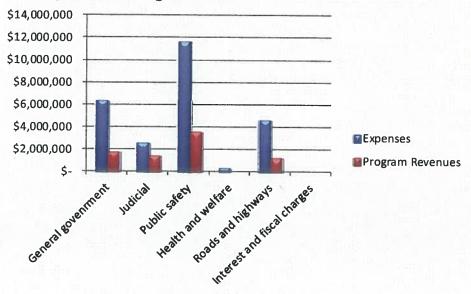
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$854,778 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS' CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

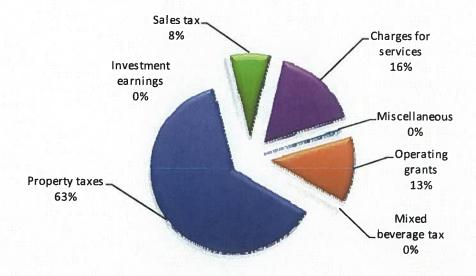
	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011			
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,353,850	\$ 3,670,020			
Operating grants and contributions	3,422,795	3,739,851			
General revenues:					
Property taxes	16,697,629	16,185,572			
Sales tax	2,028,797	1,964,652			
Taxes from the sale of alcohol	35,789	34,685			
Interest on investments	79,613	81,780			
Miscellaneous	101,106	71,411			
Total revenues	26,719,579	25,747,971			
Expenses:					
General government	6,422,406	5,448,604			
Judicial	2,577,079	2,366,579			
Public safety	11,710,531	11,736,012			
Health and welfare	381,695	556,640			
Roads and highways	4,678,001	4,770,681			
Interest on long-term debt	95,089	88,544			
Total expenses	25,864,801	24,967,060			
Change in net assets	854,778	780,911			
Net assets, beginning	17,080,272	16,299,361			
Net assets, ending	\$ 17,935,050	\$17,080,272			

Collected charges for services increased \$683,830 (18%). Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$317,056 (8.4%), property taxes increased by \$512,057 (3.2%) and sales tax revenue increased by \$64,145 (3.3%), resulting in a net increase in total revenues of \$957,586 (3.7%). The increase in property taxes is the result of a slight increase in the taxable value of property in Navarro County.

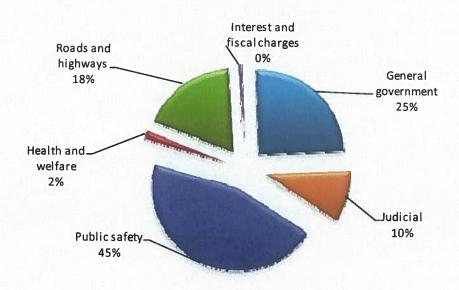
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activitites



Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, Navarro County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus on the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2012, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,970,896 an increase of \$1,460,929 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$4,014,022 (50.4%) of the combined fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available to meet the County's current and future needs. The remainder of fund balance is unspendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has been committed to pay flood control (\$608,819), road and bridge (\$1,336,644), public safety, (\$567,246), debt service (\$93,247), Capital Projects (\$358,061), prepaid items (\$174,495) and subsequent year's budget (\$818,362).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Navarro County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,014,022, while total fund balance reached \$5,006,879. The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$1,024,190 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this growth include a slight increase in assessed property taxes which increased property tax revenues by approximately \$442,048 and increased revenues from fees of approximately \$239,571. The increase in property tax revenues and fees, coupled with slight increases in other revenue streams and expenditures staying relatively level compared to the prior year, resulted in an increase in fund balance.

The other major fund, the HIDTA (North Texas High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area) Fund, has no fund balance because it is funded entirely by intergovernmental revenue on a reimbursement basis.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original expenditure budget and the final amended budget of the General Fund resulted in an increase of \$403,391 in appropriations.

During the year, actual revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$461,194. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,226,325. The net effect of over-realization of revenue and under-utilization of appropriations resulted in a positive variance of \$1,687,519.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Navarro County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2012, amounts to \$10,674,164 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

NAVARRO COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental Activities				
		2012		2011	
Land	\$	1,074,962	\$	1,074,962	
Construction in progress		602,790		406,316	
Buildings and improvements		4,256,134		4,666,090	
Machinery and equipment		2,235,315		3,110,627	
Infrastructure		2,504,963	_	2,711,045	
Total capital assets	\$	10,674,164	\$	11,969,040	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- The purchase of various vehicles at a total cost of \$192,831.
- Additional construction of roads at a total cost of \$99,008.

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in Note II, C on page 30 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At September 30, 2012, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$2,223,382. The County's bonded debt carries a rating of "A1" from Moody's Investor Services.

NAVARRO COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END (Certificates of Obligation and Capital Leases)

	Governmental Activities 2012 2011 \$ 1,474,409 \$ 1,935,879				
	2012	2011			
Refunding bonds	\$ 1,474,409	\$ 1,935,879			
Capital leases	411,043	611,297			
Compensated absences	129,727	172,010			
OPEB obligation	208,203	160,586			
	\$ 2,223,382	\$ 2,879,772			

The net amount of refunding bonds and capital leases decreased by \$661,724, this decrease is a result of the liquidation of outstanding bonds and capital leases. Additional information on Navarro County's long-term debt can be found in Note II, E on pages 31-34 of this report.

County officials and investors will find the ratio of net general bonded debt outstanding and the amount of bonded debt per capita as useful indicators of the County's debt position. These indicators are shown in the statistical section (unaudited) of this report on pages 77 - 78.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Commissioners' Court adopted the County's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, on September 10, 2012. The budget was adopted based on estimated balances that would be available at the end of fiscal year 2012 and estimated revenues to be received in fiscal year 2013. The total available resources for all funds for fiscal year 2013 are \$7,796,401. For the County's General Fund, the 2013 budget utilizes \$818,362 of available funds.

The 2012 property tax rate was \$0.6270/\$100 valuation, the same rate as the previous year. As a result of a 2.6% increase in taxable value, the County expects tax revenue collected during fiscal year 2012 to increase 2.5% over projected collections for fiscal year 2012. Additionally, the County's budget anticipates all other sources of revenue will remain at approximately the same levels as fiscal year 2012.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's office, 300 West Third Avenue, Suite 10, Corsicana, Texas 75110.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 5,763,618
Investments	1,603,353
Accounts receivable, net	611,339
Property taxes receivable, net	1,181,472
Due from other governments	740,235
Prepaid items	174,495
Bond issuance costs	35,628
Capital assets, net:	
Nondepreciable	1,677,752
Depreciable	8,996,412
Total assets	20,784,304
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	601,079
Accrued interest	7,431
Unearned revenue	17,362
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	705,954
Due in more than one year	1,517,428
Total liabilities	2,849,254
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets,	
net of related debt	8,797,242
Restricted for:	
Flood protection projects	626,171
Repairs and construction of roads and bridges	1,546,233
Law enforcement	567,246
Debt service	145,123
Capital projects	358,061
Unrestricted	5,894,974
Total net assets	\$17,935,050

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			31	Program	Reven	ue	R	et (Expense) evenues and Changes in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Fines, Fees, and Charges Expenses for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmenta Activities	
Primary government									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	6,422,406	\$	1,434,271	\$	270,888	\$(4,717,247)	
Judicial		2,577,079		1,062,082		307,997	(1,207,000)	
Public safety		11,710,531		807,349		2,709,644	(8,193,538)	
Health and welfare		381,695		-		-	(381,695)	
Roads and highways		4,678,001		1,050,148		134,266	(3,493,587)	
Interest on long-term debt		95,089		-		-	(95,089)	
Total governmental activities		25,864,801	_	4,353,850	_	3,422,795	(_	18,088,156)	
Total primary government	\$	25,864,801	\$_	4,353,850	\$_	3,422,795	_	18,088,156)	
		al revenues:							
	Tax								
		operty						16,697,629	
		ales						2,028,797	
		ixed beverage rest on investm	4-					35,789	
		cellaneous	ems					79,613	
								101,106	
		Total general re	evenues				2 _	18,942,934	
		Change in ne	t assets					854,778	
	Net as	sets, beginning						17,080,272	
	Net as	sets, ending					\$	17,935,050	

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		General		HIDTA	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total
ASSETS								10141
Cash	\$	3,722,900	\$	14,397	\$	2,026,321	\$	5,763,618
Investments		822,841		-		780,512		1,603,353
Accounts receivable, net		511,713				99,626		611,339
Property taxes receivable, net		904,457				277,015		1,181,472
Due from other governments		522,882		207,560		9,793		740,235
Prepaid items		174,495		- A-		-		174,495
Due from other funds	1-	235,367	_	-	_	124,400		359,767
Total assets	\$	6,894,655	\$	221,957	\$_	3,317,667	\$_	10,434,279
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	519,053	\$	197	\$	81,829	\$	601,079
Due to other funds		124,400		221,760		13,607		359,767
Deferred revenue		1,244,323		-		258,214		1,502,537
Total liabilities		1,887,776		221,957		353,650		2,463,383
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable-prepaid items		174,495		<u> -</u>				174,495
Restricted for:								171,150
Flood protection projects Repairs and construction		-				608,819		608,819
of roads and bridges		7-42		_		1,336,644		1,336,644
Law enforcement		-		-		567,246		567,246
Debt service		-		-		93,247		93,247
Capital projects		-		-		358,061		358,061
Committed for subsequent year's budget		818,362		-		-		818,362
Unassigned		4,014,022		-		-		4,014,022
Total fund balances		5,006,879		- 1		2,964,017		7,970,896
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,894,655	\$	221,957	\$	3,317,667	\$	10,434,279

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet		\$ 7,970,896
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		10,674,164
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized in the statement of net assets.		
Accrued interest on bonds	\$(7,431)	
Refunding bonds payable	(1,500,000)	
Deferred loss on refunding bonds	25,591	
Capital leases payable	(411,043)	
Compensated absences	(129,727)	
Net OPEB obligation	(208,203)	
Total long-term liabilities		(2,230,813)
Cost associated with refunding bonds issued were reported as fund expenditures.		
These costs were accrued as assets in the statement of net assets.		
Bond issuance costs		35,628
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Fines and court costs	1,124,354	
Property taxes	360,821	
Total long-term assets		1,485,175
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 17,935,050
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General	HIDTA	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 13,137,731	\$ -	\$ 3,613,552	\$ 16,751,283
Sales and other taxes	2,064,586		• 5,015,552	2,064,586
Intergovernmental	591,360	2,557,916	178,641	3,327,917
License and permits	•	-,,	1,033,756	1,033,756
Fees of office	1,850,034		134,266	1,984,300
Fines and forfeitures	564,574		690,188	1,254,762
Interest on investments	60,006		19,604	79,610
Other	174,592		6,511	181,103
Total revenues	18,442,883	2,557,916	5,676,518	26,677,317
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	5,244,317	-	55,678	5,299,995
Judicial	2,538,918		32,629	2,571,547
Public safety	8,466,976	2,557,916		11,024,892
Health and welfare	381,695	-	-	381,695
Roads and highways			4,147,150	4,147,150
Debt service:				
Principal	***	-	670,254	670,254
Interest and fiscal charges			76,632	76,632
Capital outlay	346,270	-	222,525	568,795
Intergovernmental:				
Tax increment reinvestment	454,803	•	34,911	489,714
Total expenditures	17,432,979	2,557,916	5,239,779	25,230,674
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,009,904	-	436,739	1,446,643
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	14,286	-	•	14,286
Total other financing sources and uses	14,286	-		14,286
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,024,190		436,739	1,460,929
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	3,982,689	•	2,527,278	6,509,967
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 5,006,879	\$	\$ 2,964,017	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

occause.			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,460,929
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of			
activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as			
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in			
the current period.			
Capital outlay	\$ 594,536		
Retirement of capital assets	(653,871)		
Depreciation expense	(1,235,541)		
Net adjustment		(1,294,876)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability			
in the statement of net assets.			
Repayments:			
Certificates of obligation	470,000		
Capital lease	200,254		
Net adjustment			670,254
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not			
reported as revenues in the funds.			
Accounts receivable:			
Property taxes	42,262		
Net adjustment			42,262
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures			
are recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable, available financial			
resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis,			
expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In			
addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified			
accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues.			
Interest on long-term debt	1,950		
Compensated absences	42,283		
OPEB obligation	(47,617)		
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(20,407)		
Net adjustment		(23,791)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	854,778
		_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 4,207,781
Investments	508,072
Total assets	\$ 4,715,853
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	\$ 4,715,853
Total liabilities	\$ 4,715,853

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

Navarro County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.) public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the government-wide statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

No component units are reported in this financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statement. The General Fund and the HIDTA Grant Fund meet criteria as major governmental funds. Each major fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Major revenue types that have been accrued are district clerk and county clerk fees, justice of the peace fees, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting</u>, and <u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>HIDTA Grant Fund</u> accounts for all activities related to the North Texas High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) through a grant from the Federal Office of National Control Policy. The purpose of this grant is to provide resources to help federal, state and local law enforcement organizations invest in infrastructure and joint initiatives to confront drug-trafficking organizations in North Texas.

Additionally, the County reports Fiduciary funds in the form of Agency funds. These funds account for monies held on behalf of other entities. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets. The County's Fiduciary funds represent Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. Because the assets are held in an agent capacity and are not available to support County programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposit, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

The County records investments at fair value in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to" or "due from" other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at the prior January 1 and become due on October 1 of the year in which assessed. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected in the government-wide statements based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Infrastructure assets include County-owned roads and bridges.

In the case of the initial capitalization of infrastructure assets, the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the County constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and recorded at historical cost. The reported cost excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the County values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Infrastructure	25
Furniture and fixtures	10
Trucks	10
General equipment	5
Computer hardware	5
Cars	5

5. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

5. Compensated Absences (Continued)

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for this amount is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

7. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution of Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by Commissioners' Court.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

8. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

9. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

As of September 30, 2012, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)	
TexPool Prime	\$ 2,111,210	54	

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools. (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pools represent investments in TexPool Prime, investment pools for state and local governments in Texas. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibilities over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an Advisory Board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value is the same as the value of shares.

Interest Rate Risk — In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 270 days.

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk — In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2012, the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk – It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalty of 7% in February, 9% in March, 11% in April, 13% in May, 15% in June, 18 % in July and interest continues to accrue at 1% per month.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. The County does make considerable effort to collect delinquent taxes before foreclosure proceedings. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes became delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (Continued)

Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the Tax Assessor and Collector's Agency Fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed to the General, Road and Bridge, Flood Control and Debt Service Funds of the County. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The County participates in Tax Increment Finance (TIF) Districts. When a TIF District is created, with the approval of all participating governmental entities, the property included in the District has its assessed valuation frozen at that time for the duration of the District. As projects are developed, increasing the assessed valuation of the property, the incremental increases are returned to the entity which initially financed the improvements, i.e., County contribution, County bond funds or developer advances.

The following is a summary by fund of delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2012.

Property taxes receivable:	
General fund	\$ 963,040
Road and bridge funds	209,728
Debt service fund	66,241
Flood control fund	17,599
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(75,136)
	\$_1,181,472

Article VIII, Section 9 of the Texas Constitution imposes a limit of \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of premium and interest on general obligation long-term debt in the Jury, General, Permanent Improvement and Road and Bridge Funds. In addition, a Special Road Tax of \$0.15 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 6790, VACS, and a Farm-to-Market and Lateral Road Tax of \$0.30 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 7048a, VACS; however, of a total tax rate of \$1.25 authorized for the County, only \$0.6270 was levied for the 2011 tax roll.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (Continued)

Receivables at year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Nonmajor	Total
Miscellaneous Court fines	\$ 146,1 18,278,6 18,424,7	19 -	\$ 245,767 18,278,619 18,524,386
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(17,913,0		(17,913,047)
Total	\$511,7	13 \$ 99,626	\$ 611,339

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	
General fund		
Delinquent property taxes	\$ 838,106	\$ -
Court fines	365,572	
Other		40,645
Total general fund	1,203,678	40,645
Nonmajor governmental funds		
Delinquent property taxes	258,214	-
Total nonmajor governmental funds	258,214	•
Total governmental funds	\$ <u>1,461,892</u>	\$40,645

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2012, are as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,074,962	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,074,962
Buildings and improvements	406,316	196,474		602,790
Total assets not being depreciated	1,481,278	196,474	<u> </u>	1,677,752
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	13,226,371	-	-	13,226,371
Machinery and equipment	8,058,634	299,054	786,190	7,571,498
Infrastructure	24,335,076	99,008	-	24,434,084
Total capital assets being depreciated	45,620,081	398,062	786,190	45,231,953
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(8,560,281)	(409,956)	-	(8,970,237)
Machinery and equipment	(4,948,007)	(520,495)	(132,319)	(5,336,183)
Infrastructure	(21,624,031)	(305,090)	_	(21,929,121)
Total accumulated depreciation	(35,132,319)	(1,235,541)	(132,319)	(36,235,541)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	10,487,762	(837,479)	653,871	8,996,412
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$11,969,040	\$(641,005)	\$ 653,871	\$10,674,164

Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2012 was charged to functions and programs of the County as follows:

General government	\$	51,408
Public safety		659,893
Roads and highways		524,240
	\$ 1	,235,541

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

In the fund financial statements, interfund balances are the result of normal transactions between funds that will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General General	HIDTA	\$	221,760
Nonmajor governmental	Nonmajor governmental General	<u> </u>	13,607 124,400
		\$_	359,767

Expenditures incurred for the HIDTA grant program are paid by the General Fund and reimbursed by the granting agency. As a result, appropriate interfund balance entries are recorded to reflect these activities. The interfund balance between the General Fund and Nonmajor governmental funds resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds were made.

E. Long-term Debt

General obligation refunding bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The refunding bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount	
Debt reduction	3.25 - 3.5%	\$ 1,500,000	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the refunding bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
September 30,	Principal	Inter	est		Total
2013	\$ 480,00	00 \$ 43	3,010	\$	523,010
2014	490,00	00 20	6,880		516,880
2015	530,00	00 9	9,275	_	539,275
Total	\$_1,500,00	00 \$ 79	9,165	\$	1,579,165

In fiscal year 2005, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide future debt service payments on the old bonds. As of September 30, 2012, the County does not have bonds considered defeased and outstanding.

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Capital Lease Obligation (Continued)

Capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2012, are composed of the following individual issues:

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$167,478; payable in monthly installments of \$3,849, including principal and interest at 4.90%, due September 1, 2013; secured by one Caterpillar motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2009.

\$ 44,991

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$28,895; payable in monthly installments of \$665, including principal and interest at 4.99%, due September 1, 2013; secured by one belly dump trailer purchased in fiscal 2009.

7,771

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$175,501; payable in monthly installments of \$2,761, including principal and interest at 3.54%, due October 1, 2015; secured by two 2009 GU Mack trucks purchased during fiscal year 2009 and refinanced in fiscal year 2011.

93,027

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$37,400; payable in monthly installments of \$835, including principal and interest at 3.4%, due November 1, 2013; secured by a Kubota tractor, loader and bucket purchased during fiscal year 2010.

11,440

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$130,200; payable in monthly installments of \$2,905, including principal and interest at 3.4%, due November 1, 2014; secured by one Case motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2010.

42,604

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$87,815; payable in monthly installments of \$1,622, including principal and interest at 4.12%, due March 1, 2015; secured by one John Deere backhoe purchased during fiscal year 2010.

46,167

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$80,375; payable in monthly installments of \$1,811, including principal and interest at 3.88%, due May 1, 2014; secured by one Case backhoe purchased in fiscal 2010.

\$ 35,019

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$173,174; payable in monthly installments of \$3,150, including principal and interest at 3.5%, due October 1, 2015; secured by one Caterpillar motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2011.

110,341

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$34,310; payable in monthly installments of \$814, including principal and interest at 6.50%, due November 1, 2014; secured by one John Deere tractor mower purchased during fiscal year 2011.

19,683

Total capital leases

\$ 411,043

The capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		vernmental Activities
Machinery and equipment	\$	863,945
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	128,761)
Balance	\$	735,184

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	*/-	Principal		Interest	<u> </u>	Totals
2013	\$	208,539	\$	12,409	\$	220,948
2014		119,585		5,451		125,036
2015		77,024		5,268		82,292
2016		5,895	_	17	_	5,912
	\$	411,043	\$	23,145	\$	434,188

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 09/30/11	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/12	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:					
G.O. Refunding - 2005	\$ 1,970,000	\$ -	\$ 470,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 480,000
Deferred loss on refunding	(34,121)	_	(8,530)	(25,591)	(8,530)
Capital leases	611,297	-	200,254	411,043	208,539
Compensated absences	172,010	129,727	172,010	129,727	25,945
OPEB obligation	160,586	78,605	30,988	208,203	-
Governmental activity liabilities	\$_2,879,772	\$ 208,332	\$ 864,722	\$ 2,223,382	\$ 705,954

The compensated absences and OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities was liquidated primarily by the General Fund and Road and Bridge Funds in prior years.

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County maintains third party insurance coverage for general liability, property, automobile liability, public officials' liability, employee health and workers' compensation. There was no significant change in coverage from the prior year. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for fiscal years 2010 or 2011, but one settlement in fiscal year 2012 exceeded insurance coverage in the amount of \$46,282, including legal fees in excess of the limit.

B. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. A contingent liability was not established because potential reimbursements are considered immaterial.

The County is involved in lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of such lawsuits and other claims is not presently determinable, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

C. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

Navarro County provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 618 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioners Court of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy

Navarro County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually.

C. <u>Employee Retirement System</u> (Continued)

The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 9.21% for the months of the accounting year in 2011, and 9.67% for the months of the accounting year in 2012.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2011 and 2012 is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the Commissioners Court.

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2010, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar years 2011 and 2012. The December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actuarial Valuation Information

Actual Valuation Date	12/31/09	12/31/10	12/31/11
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization method	level percentage	level percentage	level percentage
	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years	20	20	20
Asset valuation method	SAF: 10-yr	SAF: 10-yr	SAF: 10-yr
	smoothed value,	smoothed value,	smoothed value,
	ESF: fund value	ESF: fund value	ESF: fund value
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment return*	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*} Includes inflation at the stated rate

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Navarro County

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
09/30/2010	\$ 911,796	100%	
09/30/2011	968,254	100%	
09/30/2012	950,056	100%	

C. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

The funded status as of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial study, is presented as follows:

		Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			Annual	UAAL as a Percentage
Year	<u>_</u>	Value of Assets (a)	Liability (AAL) (b)	AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Fund Rate (a/	tio	Covered Payroll (1) (c)	of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2011	\$	30,760,414	\$ 35,776,477	\$ 5,016,063	85.	98%	\$ 11,618,396	43.17%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

D. Postemployment Health Care

Plan description and Funding Policy. In addition to the pension benefits described above, the Commissioners Court established a medical insurance benefit plan for retirees. The County administers this single-employer defined benefit medical plan ("the Retiree Medical Plan"). The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Eligible retirees will be provided medical insurance benefits and eligible retirees may also cover their eligible dependents if elected within 60 days. Retirees are responsible for paying the premiums. A retiree is defined as someone who is receiving lifetime monthly Texas County and District retirement pension benefit payments and who retired directly from active employment with Navarro County. The County will stop insurance coverage on the retiree and dependent on the last day of the month when one of the following occurs"

- 1. the retiree reaches age 65; or
- 2. the retiree fails to submit the required set premium rate.

D. Postemployment Health Care (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's OPEB obligation to the postemployment medical plan.

Fiscal Year	2012
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 78,074
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	7,226
Adjustment to the ARC	(6,695)
Annual OPEB Cost	78,605
Contributions Made	(30,988)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	47,617
Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of year	160,586
Net OPEB Obligation, ending of year	\$ 208,203

The County's annual OPEB cost, amount contributed to the plan, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, 2011 and 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annu OPE Cost	В	A	mployer Amount entributed	Annua	ntage of al OPEB ontributed	 Net OPEB Obligation
09/30/2010	\$ 72,2	236	\$	16,879		23.4%	\$ 114,509
09/30/2011	76,1	179		30,102		39.5%	160,586
09/30/2012	78,6	505		30,988		39.4%	208,203

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funding status of the post employment medical plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date as of 12/31	Ad	ctuarial Value of Assets (a)	 arial Accrued bility (AAL) (b)	 iunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010	\$		\$ 691,249	\$ 691,249	0.0%	\$ 11,610,840	5.95%

D. Postemployment Health Care (Continued)

Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. A schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Inflation rate
Investment rate of return
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Amortization period
Salary growth
Health care cost trend rate

3.00% per annum
4.50%, net of expenses
Projected Unit Credit Cost Method
Level as a percentage of employee payroll
30-year open amortization
3.00% per annum
Initial rate of 9.0% declining to an ultimate
rate of 4.50% after 9 years

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgete	d Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 12,884,012	\$ 13,129,671	\$ 13,137,731	\$ 8,060
Sales and other taxes	1,835,000	1,835,000	2,064,586	
Intergovernmental	238,792	454,959	591,360	229,586 136,401
Fees of office	1,780,283	1,780,283	1,850,034	69,751
Fines and forfeitures	596,725	596,725	564,574	(32,151)
Interest on investments	45,000	45,000	60,006	15,006
Other	138,000	140,051	174,592	34,541
Total revenues	17,517,812	17,981,689	18,442,883	461,194
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Salaries	2,029,949	2,015,566	2,002,204	13,362
Benefits	743,819	747,730	725,724	22,006
Supplies	192,400	218,721	203,021	15,700
Other services	2,491,943	2,664,431	2,313,368	351,063
Capital outlay	226,468	234,668	204,611	30,057
Intergovernmental	285,000	451,135	454,803	(3,668)
Total general government	5,969,579	6,332,251	5,903,731	428,520
Judicial:				
Salaries	1,375,357	1,418,726	1,410,469	8,257
Benefits	416,544	416,544	396,237	20,307
Supplies	51,885	52,185	38,015	14,170
Other services	760,813	768,863	694,197	74,666
Total judicial	2,604,599	2,656,318	2,538,918	117,400
Public safety:				
Salaries	5,029,427	5,029,427	4,898,625	130,802
Benefits	2,050,938	2,050,938	1,956,664	94,274
Supplies	854,275	836,725	669,894	166,831
Other services	1,069,345	1,085,895	941,793	144,102
Capital outlay	177,750	177,750	141,659	36,091
Total public safety	9,181,735	9,180,735	8,608,635	572,100
Health and welfare:				
Other services	500,000	490,000	381,695	108,305
Total health and welfare	500,000	490,000	381,695	108,305
Total expenditures	18,255,913	18,659,304	17,432,979	1,226,325
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(738,101)	(677,615)	1,009,904	1,687,519
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets		14,286	14,286	
Total other financing sources and uses		14,286	14,286	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(738,101)	(663,329)	1,024,190	1,687,519
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	3,982,689	3,982,689	3,982,689	- 1
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 3,244,588	\$ 3,319,360	\$5,006,879	\$ 1,687,519

NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the HIDTA Grant, TDRA Grant, Victim Assistance Grant, and Capital Projects Funds, which adopt project-length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Elected officials and department heads submit requests for appropriations to the budget officer, the County Judge, so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners Court for review by the second Monday in July. The Commissioners Court holds public work sessions and public hearings. A final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

Encumbrance accounting, under which funds are reserved for purchase orders, contracts and other commitments, is employed in the General and Special Revenue funds. Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
28,700,312	32,324,787	3,624,475	88.79%	11,397,444	31.80%
29,321,848	33,542,132	4,220,284	87.42%	11,610,840	36.35%
30,760,414	35,776,477	5,016,063	85.98%	11,618,396	43.17%
	Value of Assets 28,700,312 29,321,848	Actuarial Accrued Value of Liability Assets (AAL) 28,700,312 32,324,787 29,321,848 33,542,132	Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Value of Liability AAL Assets (AAL) (UAAL) 28,700,312 32,324,787 3,624,475 29,321,848 33,542,132 4,220,284	Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Value of Liability AAL Funded Assets (AAL) (UAAL) Ratio 28,700,312 32,324,787 3,624,475 88.79% 29,321,848 33,542,132 4,220,284 87.42%	Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Value of Liability AAL Funded Covered Assets (AAL) (UAAL) Ratio Payroll 28,700,312 32,324,787 3,624,475 88.79% 11,397,444 29,321,848 33,542,132 4,220,284 87.42% 11,610,840

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	V	ctuarial 'alue of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	 nded ntio	į	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/08 12/31/10	\$		\$ 512,204 691,249	\$ 512,204 691,249	0/	\$	10,952,548 11,610,840	4.68% 5.95%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Flood Control Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to specific flood control projects. Revenues in this fund are derived from restricted property taxes.

Road and Bridge Funds – These funds, reported by Commissioners' Precinct, are used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to road construction and maintenance. Revenues in these funds are derived from restricted property taxes.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the District Attorney's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the *Texas Code of Criminal Procedure*.

Sheriff Seizure Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the County Sheriff's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.

TDRA Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the Texas Department of Rural Affairs Program related to flood repairs.

Victim Assistance Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for a grant from the Texas Office of Attorney General for a special victim coordinator.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for expenditures for renovation of the historic courthouse structure.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Flood and Bridge Control Precinct 1			Road and Bridge Precinct 2		Road and Bridge Precinct 3		
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	621,501	\$	175,498	\$	251,172	\$	88,332
Investments		2,115		87,392		175,453		119,651
Accounts receivable		771		24,100		26,555		24,100
Property taxes receivable, net		16,385		49,616		49,616		49,615
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-	_	31,100	-	31,100	_	31,100
Total assets	\$_	640,772	\$_	367,706	\$_	533,896	\$_	312,798
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	16,600	\$	8,018	\$	18,775	\$	15,859
Due to other funds		-	•	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	13,637
Deferred revenue		15,353		45,715		45,715		45,716
Total liabilities		31,953		53,733		64,490		61,575
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Flood protection projects		608,819		-				14
Repairs and construction								
of roads and bridges		220		313,973		469,406		251,223
Law enforcement		-		-		_		-
Debt service		2 <u>-</u>						
Capital projects	- 7	17-1				-		
Total fund balances		608,819		313,973		469,406		251,223
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	640,772	\$	367,706	\$_	533,896	\$	312,798

Road and Bridge Precinct 4	District Attorney Forfeiture	Sheriff Seizure	Victim Assistance Grant	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 231,254 31,004 24,100 49,616 - 31,100	\$ 20,220 110,002 - - - -	\$ 292,184 147,901 - - -	\$ 4,013 - - 9,793 -	\$ 88,943 2,137 - 62,167 -	\$ 253,204 104,857 - - -	\$ 2,026,321 780,512 99,626 277,015 9,793 124,400
\$ 367,074	\$ 130,222	\$_440,085	\$13,806	\$ 153,247	\$ 358,061	\$ 3,317,667
\$ 19,317 - 45,715 65,032	\$ 1,488 - - - 1,488	\$ 1,592 - - - 1,592	\$ 180 13,607 - 13,787	\$ - - 60,000 - 60,000	\$ - - - -	\$ 81,829 13,607 258,214 353,650
-	-	-		-		608,819
302,042	128,734	438,493	- 19 - - 19	93,247	358,061 358,061	1,336,644 567,246 93,247 358,061 2,964,017
\$ 367,074	\$_130,222	\$ 440,085	\$_13,806	\$ 153,247	\$ 358,061	\$_3,317,667

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Flood Control	Road and Bridge Precinct 1	Road and Bridge Precinct 2	Road and Bridge Precinct 3	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 240,988	\$ 710,303	\$ 710,302	\$ 710,301	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	- 710,501	
Licenses and permits		258,439	258,439	258,439	
Fees of office	1	30,604	32,732	39,244	
Fines and forfeitures		164,167	164,167	164,167	
Interest on investments	6,255	1,996	2,124	2,043	
Other	-	2,477	3,816	218	
Total revenues	247,243	1,167,986	1,171,580	1,174,412	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	72	-			
Judicial					
Roads and highways	307,066	855,600	982,126	1,037,228	
Debt service:				-,,	
Principal		84,342	62,198	36,539	
Interest	-	9,418	1,505	4,571	
Capital outlay	79,419	80,670	19,000	43,436	
Intergovernmental:					
Tax increment reinvestment	-	8,713	8,772	8,713	
Total expenditures	386,485	1,038,743	1,073,601	1,130,487	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(139,242)	129,243	97,979	43,925	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	748,061	184,730	371,427	207,298	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 608,819	\$313,973	\$ 469,406	\$ 251,223	

Road District Attorn Precinct 4 Forfeit		Sheriff Seizure	Victim Assistance Grant	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 710,302	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	e 521.256	•	0.0.610.650	
\$ 710,302	J -	122,944	55,697	\$ 531,356	\$ -	\$ 3,613,552	
258,439		122,944	33,097	- 1	•	178,641	
31,686						1,033,756	
164,167	20,296	13,224				134,266	
1,916	285	2,212		729	2,044	690,188	
-	-	-		129		19,604	
1,166,510	***		55 (07	522.005	-	6,511	
1,100,310	20,581	138,380	55,697	532,085	2,044	5,676,518	
	A	-	55,678	-		55,678	
-	15,054	17,575		-		32,629	
965,130	-				-	4,147,150	
17,175				470,000		670,254	
2,293	-	-	-	58,845		76,632	
-	-			-	-	222,525	
8,713	160 E		1, 1	-	_	34,911	
993,311	15,054	17,575	55,678	528,845		5,239,779	
				220,012		3,237,117	
173,199	5,527	120,805	19	3,240	2,044	436,739	
100.040	100.00=	247 422					
128,843	123,207	317,688	\ <u> </u>	90,007	356,017	2,527,278	
\$_302,042	\$ 128,734	\$ 438,493	\$ 19	\$ 93,247	\$ 358,061	\$ 2,964,017	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

FLOOD CONTROL

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	240,846	\$	240,846	\$	240,988	\$	142
Interest on investments	<u> </u>	2,300		2,300		6,255		3,955
Total revenues	_	243,146		243,146		247,243	-	4,097
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Other services		400,000		400,000		307,066		92,934
Capital outlay		-		-112	-	79,419	(79,419)
Total expenditures		400,000		400,000		386,485		13,515
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(156,854)	(156,854)	(139,242)		17,612
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		748,061		748,061	_	748,061		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	591,207	\$	591,207	\$	608,819	\$	17,612

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final		Actual		riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	689,675	\$	702,486	\$	710,303	\$	7,817
Intergovernmental				-				-
License and permits		225,000		225,000		258,439		33,439
Fees of office		23,000		23,368		30,604		7,236
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		164,167		29,167
Interest on investments		1,500		1,500		1,996		496
Other						2,477		2,477
Total revenues		1,074,175		1,087,354		1,167,986		80,632
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		302,928		292,928		267,262		25,666
Benefits		120,067		120,067		101,576		18,491
Supplies		352,000		345,000		346,076	(1,076)
Other services		187,900		214,900		140,686		74,214
Debt service:								,,,
Principal		84,342		84,342		84,342		-
Interest		9,418		9,418		9,418		
Capital outlay		20,000		10,000		80,670	(70,670)
Intergovernmental	11			8,713		8,713	`	-
Total expenditures		1,076,655		1,085,368	_	1,038,743		46,625
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,480)		1,986		129,243		127,257
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		184,730	_	184,730	_	184,730		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	182,250	\$	186,716	\$	313,973	\$	127,257

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 2

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	689,675	\$	702,486	\$	710,302	\$	7,816
License and permits		225,000		225,000	•	258,439	•	33,439
Fees of office		23,000		25,496		32,732		7,236
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		164,167		29,167
Interest on investments		2,000		2,000		2,124		124
Other						3,816		3,816
Total revenues		1,074,675		1,089,982	_	1,171,580		81,598
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		353,015		353,015		312,404		40,611
Benefits		146,827		146,827		124,976		21,851
Supplies		400,000		402,496		270,878		131,618
Other services		331,100		331,100		273,868		57,232
Debt service:								0.00
Principal		62,199		62,199		62,198		1
Interest		4,411		4,411		1,505		2,906
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		19,000		1,000
Intergovernmental		-		8,713	_	8,772	(59)
Total expenditures	-	1,317,552		1,328,761	-	1,073,601		255,160
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(242,877)	(238,779)		97,979		336,758
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		371,427		371,427		371,427		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	128,550	\$	132,648	\$_	469,406	\$	336,758

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgete	d Amo	unts				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	riance with aal Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	689,675	\$	702,486	\$	710,301	\$	7,815
License and permits		225,000	_	225,000		258,439	Ψ	33,439
Fees of office		23,000		32,008		39,244		7,236
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		164,167		29,167
Interest on investments		1,500		1,500		2,043		543
Other						218		218
Total revenues		1,074,175	_	1,095,994		1,174,412		78,418
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		370,335		370,335		356,908		13,427
Benefits		160,315		160,315		146,098		14,217
Supplies		465,000		465,000		371,710		93,290
Other services		239,163		183,171		162,512		20,659
Debt service:								
Principal		36,539		36,539		36,539		-
Interest		4,571		4,571		4,571		-
Capital outlay				65,000		43,436		21,564
Intergovernmental				8,713		8,713		
Total expenditures	- 2	1,275,923	_	1,293,644		1,130,487		163,157
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(201,748)	(197,650)		43,925		241,575
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	207,298	_	207,298		207,298		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,550	\$	9,648	\$_	251,223	\$	241,575

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 4

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	689,675	\$	702,486	\$	710,302	\$	7,816
License and permits		225,000	Ψ	225,000	Ψ	258,439	4	33,439
Fees of office		23,000		24,450		31,686		7,236
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		164,167		29,167
Interest on investments		1,700		1,700		1,916		216
Total revenues		1,074,375		1,088,636		1,166,510		77,874
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		355,790		355,790		294,513		61,277
Benefits		147,697		147,697		114,230		33,467
Supplies		535,000		536,450		432,745		103,705
Other services		175,500		175,500		123,642		51,858
Debt service:						11-2		
Principal		17,177		17,175		17,175		
Interest		2,293		2,293		2,293		
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000		-		35,000
Intergovernmental		-		8,713		8,713		D OF STREET
Total expenditures	- 1	1,268,457		1,278,618	_	993,311		285,307
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(194,082)	(189,982)		173,199		363,181
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1 2	128,843		128,843		128,843		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	65,239)	\$(_	61,139)	\$_	302,042	\$	363,181

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgete	d Amou	ints				
		Original		Final		Actual	Final P	ance with Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Forfeitures	\$	14,500	\$	14,500	\$	20,296	\$	5,796
Interest on investments		500		500		285	(215)
Total revenues		15,000	W - 2 -	15,000		20,581		5,581
EXPENDITURES Judicial:								
Other services		15,000		15,000		15,054	(54)
Total expenditures		15,000		15,000		15,054	(54)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-				5,527		5,527
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	123,207		123,207	_	123,207		•
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	123,207	\$	123,207	\$	128,734	\$	5,527

SHERIFF SEIZURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgete	d Amou	ints				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	122,944	\$	122,944
Forfeitures		35,500		35,500		13,224	(22,276)
Interest on investments		_		1,000		2,212		1,212
Total revenues		35,500		36,500		138,380		101,880
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety:								
Supplies		4,500		4,500		1,690		2,810
Other services		32,000		32,000		15,885		16,115
Capital outlay		-		129,000				129,000
Total expenditures		36,500		165,500		17,575		147,925
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,000)	(129,000)		120,805		249,805
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	317,688	_	317,688	_	317,688		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	316,688	\$	188,688	\$	438,493	\$	249,805

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts			
		Original		Final	 Actual		iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	476,137	\$	476,137	\$ 531,356	\$	55,219
Interest on investments		1,500		1,500	729	(771)
Total revenues	=	477,637		477,637	532,085		54,448
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal		470,000		470,000	470,000		
Interest		58,845		58,845	58,845		
Total expenditures	-	528,845		528,845	528,845		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(51,208)	(51,208)	3,240		54,448
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	90,007		90,007	 90,007		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	38,799	\$	38,799	\$ 93,247	\$	54,448

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual private organizations and other governments. The following are the County's Fiduciary Funds:

County Treasurer – This fund is used as a clearing account for the allocation of resources collected by fee offices, pending audit and distribution to other entities.

District Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court ordered decrees by the District Clerk.

Tax Collector – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

Juvenile Probation and Corrections – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of juvenile probationers.

Community Supervision and Corrections – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of adult probationers.

Inmate Commissary – This fund is used to account for inmate deposits which may be used by inmates to purchase miscellaneous personal items.

Special Lake – This fund is used to account for mortgage payments received from property owners and held in escrow for improvement due to default on a performance bond.

Special Forfeiture – This fund is used to account for cash seized by law enforcement personnel prior to court order as to its disposition.

Economic Development – This fund is used to account for funds available to the Corsicana Navarro County Economic Development commission to be used to further economic development in Navarro County.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Balance October 1, 2011		Additions		Deductions	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2012
COUNTY TREASURER								
Assets: Cash	•	1 071 000	•	(5.000 57.4			1	
Investments	\$	1,871,330 268,846	\$	65,289,574 385	\$	65,388,566	\$ _	1,772,338 269,231
Total assets	\$_	2,140,176	\$	65,289,959	\$	65,388,566	\$	2,041,569
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$_	2,140,176	\$	65,289,959	\$	65,388,566	\$	2,041,569
Total liabilities	\$_	2,140,176	\$	65,289,959	\$	65,388,566	\$	2,041,569
DISTRICT CLERK Assets:								
Cash	\$_	322,367	\$	456,255	\$	150,301	\$_	628,321
Total assets	\$	322,367	\$	456,255	\$	150,301	\$	628,321
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	322,367	\$	456,255	\$	150,301	\$_	628,321
Total liabilities	\$_	322,367	\$	456,255	\$_	150,301	\$	628,321
TAX ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR Assets:								
Cash	\$_	1,227,654	\$	59,999,684	\$	60,108,564	\$_	1,118,774
Total assets	\$_	1,227,654	\$	59,999,684	\$	60,108,564	\$_	1,118,774
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$_	1,227,654	\$	59,999,684	\$	60,108,564	\$	1,118,774
Total liabilities	\$_	1,227,654	\$	59,999,684	\$	60,108,564	\$	1,118,774

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Balance October 1, 2011		Additions	Deductions	Balance otember 30, 2012
JUVENILE PROBATION AND C	CORRECTIO	NS				
Assets:						
Cash Investments	\$	53,429 80,645	\$	412,089 112	\$ 386,238 30,000	\$ 79,280 50,757
Total assets	\$	134,074	\$	412,201	\$ 416,238	\$ 130,037
Liabilities:						
Due to others		134,074		412,201	 416,238	 130,037
Total liabilities	\$	134,074	\$	412,201	\$ 416,238	\$ 130,037
COMMUNITY SUPERVISION A	ND CORREC	CTIONS				
Assets: Cash	•	207.264	Φ.	1 155 010	1 100 440	
Investments	\$	327,364 90,939	\$	1,155,012 131	\$ 1,129,612	\$ 352,764 91,070
Total assets	\$	418,303	\$	1,155,143	\$ 1,129,612	\$ 443,834
Liabilities:						
Due to others		418,303		1,155,143	 1,129,612	 443,834
Total liabilities	\$	418,303	\$	1,155,143	\$ 1,129,612	\$ 443,834
INMATE COMMISSARY						
Assets:						
Cash	\$	174,905	\$	464,789	\$ 443,167	\$ 196,527
Total assets	\$	174,905	\$	464,789	\$ 443,167	\$ 196,527
Liabilities:						
Due to others	\$	174,905	\$	464,789	\$ 443,167	\$ 196,527
Total liabilities	\$	174,905	\$	464,789	\$ 443,167	\$ 196,527

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Balance ectober 1, 2011	A	Additions	D	eductions	Balance tember 30, 2012
SPECIAL LAKE							
Assets: Cash	•	227	Φ.	2	•		
Investments	\$	93,110	\$	134	\$	-	\$ 229 93,244
Total assets	\$	93,337	\$	136	\$	•	\$ 93,473
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$	93,337	\$	136	\$	-	\$ 93,473
Total liabilities	\$	93,337	\$	136	\$		\$ 93,473
SPECIAL FORFEITURE							
Assets:							
Cash	\$		\$	79,823	\$	20,485	\$ 59,338
Investments	-	-	-	1,664		-	 1,664
Total assets	\$	-	\$	81,487	\$	20,485	\$ 61,002
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$		\$	81,487	\$	20,485	\$ 61,002
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	81,487	\$	20,485	\$ 61,002
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT							
Assets:							
Cash	\$	209	\$	1	\$		\$ 210
Investments	-	2,103	1	3		-	 2,106
Total assets	\$	2,312	\$	4	\$	-	\$ 2,316
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$	2,312	\$	4	\$	- 1	\$ 2,316
Total liabilities	\$	2,312	\$	4	\$	-	\$ 2,316

(continued)

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Balance October 1, 2011		Additions		Deductions	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2012
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								77
Assets:								
Cash	\$	3,977,485	\$	127,857,229	\$	127,626,933	\$	4,207,781
Investments	_	535,643	_	2,429		30,000		508,072
Total assets	\$_	4,513,128	\$	127,859,658	\$_	127,656,933	\$	4,715,853
Liabilities:								
Due to others	_	4,513,128		127,859,658	_	127,656,933		4,715,853
Total liabilities	\$_	4,513,128	\$	127,859,658	\$_	127,656,933	\$	4,715,853

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Navarro County, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

ontents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	60
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	72
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	77
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	82
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	84
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	2012	2011	2010	2009				
Governmental activities:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 8,797,242	\$ 9,430,394	\$ 9,269,955	\$ 9,225,606				
Restricted	3,242,834	2,816,039	2,930,176	2,669,973				
Unrestricted	5,894,974	4,833,839	4,099,230	7,298,077				
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 17,935,050	\$ 17,080,272	\$_16,299,361	\$ 19,193,656				
Primary government:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 8,797,242	\$ 9,430,394	\$ 9,269,955	\$ 9,225,606				
Restricted	3,242,834	2,816,039	2,930,176	2,669,973				
Unrestricted	5,894,974	4,833,839	4,099,230	7,298,077				
Total primary government net assets	\$ 17,935,050	\$ 17,080,272	\$ 16,299,361	\$_19,193,656				

Source: Navarro County financial records.

Fiscal Year

	riscai i ear									
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003					
\$ 8,796,531 590,630 10,053,068	\$ 8,863,264 540,403 9,514,719	\$ 5,402,943 216,243 9,316,723	\$ 5,262,282 209,410 11,852,277	\$ 5,158,950 117,970 10,325,277	\$ 9,681,996 88,174 748,001					
\$ 19,440,229	\$ 18,918,386	\$ 14,935,909	\$ 17,323,969	\$ 15,602,197	\$_10,518,171					
\$ 8,796,531 590,630 10,053,068	\$ 8,863,264 540,403 9,514,719	\$ 5,402,943 216,243 9,316,723	\$ 5,262,282 209,410 11,852,277	\$ 5,158,950 117,970 10,325,277	\$ 9,681,996 88,174 748,001					
\$ 19,440,229	\$ 18,918,386	\$ 14,935,909	\$_17,323,969	\$ 15,602,197	\$ 10,518,171					

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	
EXPENSES					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 6,422,406	\$ 5,448,604	\$ 5,117,148	\$ 5,161,840	
Judicial	2,577,079	2,366,579	2,424,728	2,320,480	
Public safety	11,710,531	11,736,012	11,144,461	11,031,850	
Health and welfare	381,695	556,640	684,043	577,654	
Roads and highways	4,678,001	4,770,681	4,616,494	4,622,991	
Interest on long-term debt	95,089	88,544	172,797	121,427	
Total expenses	25,864,801	24,967,060	24,159,671	23,836,242	
PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental activities: Fees, fines and charges for services:					
General government	\$ 1,434,271	\$ 1,153,912	\$ 1,438,917	\$ 1,513,036	
Judicial	1,062,082	1,099,509	1,205,051	1,053,547	
Public safety	807,349	675,639	789,429	629,777	
Health and welfare	- V -	•		-	
Roads and highways	1,050,148	740,960	881,836	905,724	
Operating grants and contributions	3,422,795	3,739,851	3,096,307	3,202,347	
Capital grants and contributions			-	359,550	
Total governmental activities			TW		
program revenues	7,776,645	7,409,871	7,411,540	7,663,981	
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES					
Governmental activities	\$(18,088,156)	\$(17,557,189)	\$(16,748,131)	\$(16,172,261)	
Total primary government	W 9 B			3,,	
net expense	(18,088,156)	(17,557,189)	(16,748,131)	(16,172,261)	

I iscai I cai	Fis	cal	Yea	r
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Fiscal Year									
2008	2007 2006		2005	2004	2003				
\$ 4,965,892	\$ 4,134,266	\$ 4,657,019	\$ 3,487,974	\$ 2,865,783	\$ 3,163,495				
2,303,243	1,856,239	1,712,038	1,572,895	1,475,290	1,426,165				
10,668,710	10,734,372	9,904,223	9,271,062	8,403,798	9,366,019				
486,507	640,210	552,226	739,859	541,610	638,390				
3,882,420	3,431,564	3,336,241	3,343,359	2,995,184	3,236,163				
144,006	161,552	169,560	193,267	324,278	409,133				
22,450,778	20,958,203	20,331,307	18,608,416	16,605,943	18,239,365				
\$ 1,547,567	\$ 1,634,983	\$ 1,502,162	\$ 1,166,698	\$ 1,207,523	\$ 1,060,256				
1,242,365	1,396,525	2,300,723	3,520,074	2,976,422	1,790,354				
729,243	365,659	511,194	355,940	298,091	492,310				
-	- 1 - 1		13,364	36,286	110,750				
924,256	849,518	955,394	974,603	957,431	1,080,451				
3,092,844	3,136,177	3,107,358	2,854,546	2,939,574	3,200,367				
-	-	-			-				
7,536,275	7,382,862	8,376,831	8,885,225	8,415,327	7,734,488				
\$ <u>(14,914,503)</u>	\$ <u>(13,575,341)</u>	\$ <u>(11,954,476)</u>	\$ <u>(9,723,191)</u>	\$ <u>(_8,190,616</u>)	\$ <u>(10,504,877</u>)				
(14,914,503)	(13,575,341)	(11,954,476)	(9,723,191)	(8,190,616)	(10,504,877)				

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
	2012	2011	2010	2009			
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER O	CHANGES IN NET	ASSETS					
Governmental activities:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 16,697,629	\$ 16,185,572	\$ 15,319,390	\$ 13,658,077			
Sales tax	2,028,797	1,964,652	1,730,180	1,998,786			
Mixed beverage	35,789	34,685	37,202	37,065			
Unrestricted grants and contributions		- 11	-	-			
Investment earnings	79,613	71,411	32,848	79,340			
Miscellaneous	101,106	81,780	265,427	136,644			
Gain from sale of capital assets	-	-	=	15,776			
Total governmental activities	18,942,934	18,338,100	17,385,047	15,925,688			
Total primary government	18,942,934	18,338,100	17,385,047	15,925,688			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS							
Governmental activities	<u>854,778</u>	780,911	636,916	(246,573)			
Total primary government	\$ 854,778	\$ 780,911	\$ 636,916	\$ <u>(246,573)</u>			
Prior period adjustment/							
Change in accounting principle	\$	\$	\$(_3,531,211)	\$			

Source: Navarro County financial records

D' 1	Vanr
HICCOL	VAGE

1 Iscal Teal											
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003						
\$ 12,640,920	\$ 11,627,040	\$ 10,761,523	\$ 10,180,808	\$ 9,154,236	\$ 8,103,709						
2,251,771	1,769,539	1,744,918	1,553,432	1,477,607	1,353,292						
33,948	36,163	29,620	27,864	24,675	31,103						
-	89,649	74,851	43,730	48,990	25,517						
280,494	356,684	299,310	174,064	61,053	46,609						
176,507	-				_						
52,706	274,266		-								
15,436,346	14,153,341	12,910,222	11,979,898	10,766,561	9,560,230						
15,436,346	14,153,341	12,910,222	11,979,898	10,766,561	9,560,230						
521,843	578,000	955,746	2,256,707	2,575,945	(944,647)						
\$521,843	\$ 578,000	\$ 955,746	\$2,256,707	\$ 2,575,945	\$ <u>(944,647)</u>						
\$	\$3,404,477	\$(_3,343,806)	\$(541,025)	\$ 2,508,171	\$ -						

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2012		2011		2010		2009
General fund								
Reserved for prepaid items	\$	200	\$	-	\$	215,777	\$	184,587
Unreserved, undesignated				1-11/		2,942,509	Ψ	2,611,547
Nonspendable		174,495		193,186		2,7 (2,507		2,011,547
Committed		818,362		744,101		_		
Unassigned	_	4,014,022	_	3,045,402	_		_	-
Total general fund	\$_	5,006,879	\$_	3,982,689	\$_	3,158,286	\$_	2,796,134
All other governmental funds								
Reserved for:								
Debt service	\$	4-1	\$	-	\$	103,316	\$	117,781
Capital projects fund		-		-	2.75	354,212	•	353,519
Grant expenditures		-				_		
Prepaid items		0€)		7 2				3,452
Unreserved, reported in:								5,152
Special revenue funds		-				2,215,786		2,020,173
Restricted	_	2,964,017	_	2,527,278		-	_	
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$_	2,964,017	\$_	2,527,278	\$_	2,673,314	\$_	2,494,925

Source: Navarro County financial records

Note: In fiscal year 2011 the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

Ficcal	Year
LISCA	i rear

	Fiscal Year										
794	2008	-	2007	Į-	2006	Ţ	2005		2004		2003
\$	214,468 3,286,889	\$	- 2,948,940	\$	2,507,319	\$	2,311,517	\$	2,706,245	\$	286,858
			-		-						-
\$_	3,501,357	\$_	2,948,940	\$_	2,507,319	\$_	2,311,517	\$_	2,706,245	\$_	286,858
\$	158,929 349,659 216	\$	157,029 338,521 145	\$	225,128 6,705 -	\$	217,512 9,002 -	\$	146,289 8,770 61	\$	25,731 8,673 53,770
	1,933,319		1,458,115	× _	1,396,483		1,395,960	_	1,658,723		1,709,670
\$_	2,442,123	\$_	1,953,810	\$_	1,628,316	\$_	1,622,474	\$_	1,813,843	\$_	1,797,844

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
	2012	2011	2010	2009		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 16,751,283	\$ 16,197,999	\$ 15,136,228	\$ 13,578,686		
Sales tax and other	2,064,586			-		
Intergovernmental	3,327,917	5,688,961	4,829,871	5,306,197		
Licenses and permits	1,033,756	740,960	881,836	905,724		
Fees of office	1,984,300	1,399,448	1,694,932	1,805,455		
Fines and forfeitures	1,254,762	1,112,967	1,411,351	1,201,555		
Interest on investments	79,610	71,405	32,837	79,338		
Other	181,103	523,036	664,126	552,934		
Total revenues	26,677,317	25,734,776	24,651,181	23,429,889		
EXPENDITURES						
General government	5,299,995	4,818,429	4,957,144	4,987,296		
Judicial	2,571,547	2,361,726	2,417,668	2,313,420		
Public safety	11,024,892	11,071,165	10,499,944	10,450,626		
Health and welfare	381,695	556,545	683,546	577,157		
Roads and highways	4,147,150	4,225,633	4,078,947	4,143,951		
Capital outlay	568,795	1,073,119	985,149	1,246,781		
Debt service				-,,,,,,		
Principal	670,254	648,714	571,523	564,714		
Interest and fiscal charges	76,632	104,333	110,943	102,557		
Intergovernmental	489,714	424,810	143,882	115,916		
Total expenditures	25,230,674	25,284,474	24,448,746	24,502,418		
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,446,643	450,302	202,435	(1,072,529)		

Fiscal Year									
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003				
\$ 12,582,395	\$ 11,658,503	\$ 10,893,689	\$ 9,862,193	\$ 9,862,193	\$ 8,539,840				
, V. I.									
5,365,900	5,007,527	5,074,899	4,409,319	4,409,319	4,771,585				
924,256	845,302	953,756	957,100	957,100	939,268				
1,932,416	2,034,084	1,791,271	1,511,807	1,511,807	1,354,578				
1,525,735	1,223,117	1,219,525	1,066,236	1,066,236	808,452				
280,371	351,055	299,310	61,054	61,054	46,608				
473,659	385,414	469,856	400,837	400,837	517,417				
23,084,732	21,505,002	20,702,306	18,268,546	18,268,546	16,977,748				
4,769,753	4,084,834	4,632,701	2,867,002	2,867,002	3,028,314				
2,303,243	1,861,415	1,708,627	1,468,486	1,468,486	1,359,930				
10,137,780	10,143,012	9,299,401	7,808,514	7,808,514	8,448,497				
486,507	640,522	547,236	541,133	541,133	633,710				
3,429,274	2,982,327	3,187,307	2,823,374	2,823,374	2,956,964				
321,583	731,251	998,598	196,725	196,725	476,811				
653,330	617,348	615,824	548,029	548,029	752,201				
124,645	129,902	150,667	327,352	327,352	368,969				
146,065	-			7.0					
22,372,180	21,190,611	21,140,361	16,580,615	16,580,615	18,025,396				
712,552	314,391	(438,055)	1,687,931	1,687,931	(1,047,648)				

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year								
		2012 2011 20				2010	2010 2009		
OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		
Transfers out		2							
Increase in obligations - capital lease				207,484		335,790		371,479	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		14,286		20,581		2,316		48,629	
Payment to escrow agent				-		-		-	
Issuance of refunding bonds		-				-			
Total other financing	_				_		_		
sources (uses)	- 1	14,286		228,065		338,106	_	420,108	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$_	1,460,929	\$_	678,367	\$	540,541	\$ <u>(</u>	652,421)	
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	\$_	- 50	\$	-	\$_	•	\$	•	
DEBT SERVICES (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF									
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES		2.96%		3.10%		2.91%		2.87%	

Source: Navarro County financial records

Note: Sales tax and other were reported as intergovermental revenue prior to fiscal year 2012.

					Fisca	al Yea	r				
	2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003
\$	-	\$	10,000	\$		\$	84,568	\$	313,500	\$	202,701
	-	(10,000)			(84,568)	(313,500)	(202,701)
	-		125,301		639,700		-				500,000
	68,706		336,758		-		-		1		
	-		-		-	(4,410,297)		-		-
_	_	_	-	_	-	_	4,445,000	_	-	_	-
	68,706		462,059		639,700	_	34,703	_	-		500,000
\$	781,258	\$	776,450	\$	201,645	\$_	1,722,634	\$	1,687,931	\$ <u>(</u>	547,648)
\$	200,708	\$	-	\$	-	\$ <u>(</u>	541,025)	\$	2,508,171	\$	-

3.96%

4.30%

5.64%

6.82%

4.37%

3.79%



Navarro County Courthouse

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

			Real Property					
Fiscal Year	Residential Property	_	Commercial Property	Other Property	 Personal Property	Less: Tax-exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value a	Total Direct Tax Rate
2012	\$ 1,152,388,951	\$	1,292,242,432	\$ 633,892,992	\$ 839,663,470	\$ 800,054,544	\$ 3,118,133,301	0.6270
2011	1,513,783,990		852,681,050	622,943,740	843,596,443	794,462,630	3,038,542,593	0.6270
2010	1,487,441,940		825,815,170	609,080,740	806,975,884	809,535,410	2,919,778,324	0.6270
2009	1,443,665,630		817,263,660	592,679,730	804,211,720	838,148,310	2,819,672,430	0.5754
2008	1,289,921,330		735,093,369	534,895,630	783,600,909	718,573,800	2,624,937,438	0.5828
2007	777,115,025		719,526,624	493,320,350	701,804,640	733,375,809	1,958,390,830	0.5828
2006	719,863,922		673,271,469	445,306,700	583,501,447	681,554,017	1,740,389,521	0.5973
2005	671,447,079		628,723,124	434,236,080	537,220,183	647,100,552	1,624,525,914	0.6243
2004	624,334,936		596,809,076	429,097,850	536,426,767	632,946,588	1,553,722,041	0.6246
2003	578,691,976		569,551,126	416,400,550	535,156,144	614,082,568	1,485,717,228	0.6243

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Notes:

a - Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.

b - Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2012			2010			2009
County direct rates								
General	\$	0.4909	\$	0.4909	\$	0.4909	\$	0.4509
Debt Service		0.0200		0.0200	•	0.0200	Ψ.	0.0200
Road and bridge		0.1071		0.1071		0.1071		0.0255
Flood control		0.0090		0.0090		0.0090		0.0090
Total direct rate		0.6270		0.6270	_	0.6270		0.5754
Cities								
Barry		0.3851		0.3349		0.3393		0.3393
Blooming Grove		0.4821		0.4900		0.4859		0.4859
Corsicana		0.6272		0.6272		0.6272		0.6272
Dawson		0.4000		0.4000		0.3783		0.3783
Emhouse		0.2943		0.3072		0.3072		0.3072
Frost		0.5600		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000
Goodlow		0.0897		0.0897		0.0897		0.0897
Kerens		0.6434		0.6434		0.6434		0.6434
Rice		0.4999		0.4700		0.4200		0.4200
Richland		0.2330		0.2056		0.2056		0.2056
School Districts								
Blooming Grove		1.1300		1.1300		1.1300		1.1200
Corsicana		1.2830		1.2830		1.2830		1.2830
Dawson		1.2900		1.2900		1.2900		1.2900
Frost		1.2550		1.2550		1.2550		1.2550
Kerens		1.1100		1.1100		1.1100		1.1200
Mildred		1.2906		1.2798		1.2798		1.2498
Rice		1.4200		1.4200		1.4200		1.4200
Colleges								
Navarro College		0.1190		0.1190		0.1190		0.1190

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Navarro County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Navarro County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries. The Navarro College rate applies to all County property owners.

			Fisca	al Year			
	2008	2007	2006		2005	 2004	2003
\$	0.4583	\$ 0.4583	\$ 0.4739	\$	0.4870	\$ 0.4818	\$ 0.4686
	0.0200	0.0200	0.0313		0.0363	0.0442	0.0574
	0.0955	0.0955	0.0831		0.0920	0.0896	0.0896
_	0.0090	 0.0090	0.0090	4 1 <u>7 -</u> 1	0.0090	0.0090	0.0090
	0.5828	0.5828	0.5973		0.6243	0.6246	0.6246
	0.3237	0.3237	0.2270		0.2245	0.0045	
	0.3237	0.3237	0.3279		0.3345	0.3345	0.3380
	0.4633		0.5000		0.4940	0.4514	0.4383
	0.0272	0.6272	0.6272		0.6272	0.6273	0.5995
		0.3783	0.4143		0.4516	0.4470	0.4335
	0.3072	0.3332	0.3332		0.3341	0.3600	0.3377
	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000		0.5000	0.5000	0.4834
	0.0897	0.8970	0.1000		0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
	0.6434	0.6329	0.6584		0.6107	0.5500	0.5500
	0.3700	0.3100	0.3200		0.3063	0.2850	0.2675
	0.2056	0.2068	0.2009		0.2056	0.2026	0.2082
	1.1200	1.1231	1.4530		1.5830	1.5685	1.5781
	1.2857	1.2850	1.5038		1.6746	1.6746	1.5208
	1.2900	1.2900	1.3700		1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
	1.2850	1.1150	1.4600		1.5650	1.5650	1.5300
	1.1227	1.1000	1.3060		1.4000	1.4000	1.4000
	1.2838	1.2427	1.3027		1.4220	1.4220	1.4220
	1.4200	1.1809	1.4882		1.5896	1.5896	1.5720
	0.1190	0.1200	0.1350		0.1405	0.1405	0.1405

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

				Property	Tax Y	ear		
			2011	1 58	17.19		2002	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Energy Transfer Fuel, LP	\$	79,919,230	1	3.44%				- %
Guardian Industries Corp.		55,654,546	2	2.39%	\$	14,437,730	6	0.97%
Russell Stover Candies		44,779,033	3	1.92%	Ψ	51,871,050	2	3.49%
Oncor Electric Delivery Co.		42,244,260	4	1.82%		42,574,490	3	2.87%
HD USA 5147		42,077,920	5	1.81%		-	3	- %
True Value Company		32,844,610	6	1.41%		22,727,660	5	1.53%
Corsicana Technologies, Inc		24,295,930	7	1.04%		, ,		- %
Union Pacific Railroad Co		21,388,410	8	0.92%				- %
Magellan Pipeline		20,108,295	9	0.86%				- %
Natl. Ind. Portfolio Borrowers		18,468,160	10	0.79%				- %
Guardian Industries - Abated				- %		32,697,310	4	2.20%
K-Mart Corporation				- %		51,898,560	1	3.50%
Pactive Foam		-		- %		12,344,980	8	0.83%
Southwestern Bell Telephone		-		- %		12,431,050	7	0.84%
Exxon Mobil Pipeline				- %		8,735,700	10	0.59%
Tru-Serv Corporation	-	•		- %	_	10,809,730	9	0.73%
Total	\$	381,780,394		16.41%	\$	260,528,260		17.55%
Total taxable assessed value	e \$	2,326,404,300		100.00%	\$	1,484,885,674		100.00%

Source: Navarro Central Appraisal District

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Collected v Fiscal Year			Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy as of Fiscal Year End ^a	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	\$ 16,418,058	\$ 15,936,147	97.06%	\$ -	\$ 15,936,147	97.06%
2011	15,971,578	15,029,327	94.10%	728,188	15,757,515	98.66%
2010	15,531,325	14,513,973	93.45%	875,174	15,389,147	99.08%
2009	14,028,658	13,567,457	96.71%	367,237	13,934,694	99.33%
2008	12,873,626	12,388,389	96.23%	418,507	12,806,896	99.48%
2007	11,705,948	11,393,385	97.33%	270,168	11,663,553	99.64%
2006	10,897,426	10,486,115	96.23%	373,980	10,860,095	99.66%
2005	10,185,754	9,501,283	93.28%	649,291	10,150,574	99.65%
2004	9,741,985	8,984,655	92.23%	724,234	9,708,889	99.66%
2003	8,736,464	7,861,313	89.98%	846,794	8,708,107	99.68%

Source: Navarro County Tax Assessor/Collector

Note: a - Tax levies consider supplemental value changes during the initial fiscal year.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Capital Leases	Total Long-term Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ^{b,c}	Per Capita ^b
2012	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 411,043	\$ 1,911,043	N/A	39.91
2011	1,970,000		611,297	2,581,297	0.26%	54.06
2010	2,430,000	-	592,527	3,022,527	0.34%	63.32
2009	2,850,000	7.7	398,344	3,248,344	0.55%	65.70
2008	3,260,000		184,153	3,444,153	0.40%	70.36
2007	3,655,000		442,482	4,097,482	0.33%	83.71
2006	4,060,000	-	550,605	4,610,605	0.39%	95.16
2005	4,445,000	-	141,728	4,586,728	0.41%	94.19
2004		4,625,000	268,308	4,893,308	0.46%	101.68
2003	<u>.</u>	4,900,000	541,337	5,441,337	0.54%	114.87

Source: Navarro County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

b - See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING^a

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Genera	al Bondeo	Debt Outs	tandin	g						
Fiscal Year	_	General Obligation Bonds		tificates bligation		Total	A	Less: Amounts vailable for ebt Service	1	Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ^b	 Per Capita ^c
2012	\$	1,500,000	\$		\$	1,500,000	\$	94,083	\$	1,405,917	0.05%	\$ 29.30
2011		1,970,000		-		1,970,000		107,392		1,862,608	0.06%	38.96
2010		2,430,000		-		2,430,000		103,316		2,326,684	0.08%	48.74
2009		2,850,000		-		2,850,000		117,781		2,732,219	0.09%	55.26
2008		3,655,000		-		3,655,000		143,082		3,511,918	0.13%	71.75
2007		3,260,000				3,260,000		279,195		2,980,805	0.15%	60.89
2006		4,060,000		-		4,060,000		225,128		3,834,872	0.22%	79.15
2005		4,445,000		-		4,445,000		217,512		4,227,488	0.26%	86.82
2004		-	4	,625,000		4,625,000		146,289		4,478,711	0.29%	93.07
2003		1	4	,900,000		4,900,000		25,731		4,874,269	0.33%	102.90

Source: Navarro County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

b - See Table 5 for property value data.

c - See Table 13 for population data.



Navarro County Courthouse

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(Unaudited)

Cities Angus Barry 100.00% 9,320 - Blooming Grove Corsicana 100.00% 54,955,000 90,320 Corsicana 100.00% 52,955,000 90,320 Embouse 100.00% 295,836 - Embouse 100.00% 25,600 - Eureka 100.00% 25,600 - Frost 100.00% 260,405 - Goodlow 100.00% 260,405 - Mildred 100.00% 260,405 - Mayarro Valley 100.00% 260,405 - Oak Valley 100.00% 260,405 - Powell 100.00% 260,405 - Rice 100.00% 260,405 - Rice 100.00% 260,405 - Rice 100.00% 260,405 - Rice 100.00% 260,405 - Blooming Grove 100.00% 260,405 - Bynum 0.67% 15,165 - Corsicana 100.00% 260,333,430 - Dawson 100.00% 260,333,430 - Ennis 0.43% 854,276 <th></th> <th>Percentage Overlapping Navarro</th> <th>N. D.</th> <th></th>		Percentage Overlapping Navarro	N. D.	
County-wide Navarro County 100.00% \$ 1,911,043 1,911	Taxing Jurisdiction	County	Net Debt	Subtotals
Total direct debt 100.00% \$ 1,911 Cities Angus 100.00% - Barry 100.00% 90,320 Corsicana 100.00% 90,320 Dawson 100.00% 295,836 Emhouse 100.00% 295,836 Emrka 100.00% 256,000 Goodlow 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 100.00% - Corsicana 100.00% 260,405 Rice 100.00% - Corsicana 100.00% 260,405 Rice 100.00% 32,234 Total Cities 55,940,795 School District (% of assessed value) Blooming Grove 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 63,053,				
Total direct debt 100.00% \$ 1,911 Cities Angus 100.00% - 100.00% - 100.00% 90,320 Corsicana 100.00% 90,320 Corsicana 100.00% 295,836 Emhouse 100.00% - 100.00% 255,000 Goodlow 100.00% 260,405 Kerens 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 100.00% - 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 100.00% 40,405,405 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,445 Mildred 100.00% 10		100.00% \$	1,911,043	
Cities Angus Barry 100,00% 9 - 100,00% 90,320 Blooming Grove 100,00% 90,320 100,00% 90,320 Corsicana 100,00% 295,836 100,00% 295,836 Emhouse 100,00% - Eureka 100,00% - Eureka 100,00% 256,000 100,00% 256,000 Goodlow 100,00% 260,405 100,00% 260,405 Kerens 100,00% 260,405 100,00% 260,405 Mildred 100,00% - Oak Valley 100,00% - Oak Valley 100,00% - Powell 100,00% -	Total direct debt	100.00%		1,911,043
Angus Barry 100.00% Blooming Grove 100.00% 100.00% 205,320 Corsicana 100.00% 255,336 Emhouse 100.00% 255,336 Emhouse 100.00% Eureka 100.00% 256,000 Goodlow 100.00% 256,000 Goodlow 100.00% 256,000 Mildred 100.00% 250,405 Mildred 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 260,405 Mildred 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 260,405 Mi	Cities			1,511,015
Bary 100,00% 90,320 Blooming Grove 100,00% 50,355,000 Dawson 100,00% 295,836 Emhouse 100,00% - Eureka 100,00% - Frost 100,00% 256,000 Goodlow 100,00% - Kerens 100,00% - Mildred 100,00% - Navarro Valley 100,00% - Oak Valley 100,00% - Retreat 100,00% - Rice 100,00% - Rice 100,00% - Richland 100,00% - Rice 100,00% - Rice 100,00% - Richland 100,00% - Richland 100,00% - Rice 100,00% - Rice 100,00% - Richland 100,00% - Rice 100,00%		100.00%		
Blooming Grove				
Corsicana 100 00% 54,955,000 Dawson 100 00% 295,836 Emhouse 100 00% -				
Dawson				
Emhouse Eureka 100.00% - Eureka 100.00% - Frost 100.00% 256,000 Goodlow 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 100.00% - Navarro Valley 100.00% - Powell 100.00% - Retreat 100.00% - Retreat 100.00% - Rice 100.00% - Rice 100.00% - Richland				
Eureka 100.00% -	Emhouse			
Frost	Eureka			
Goodlow 100.00% -	Frost			
Kerens 100.00% 260,405 Mildred 100.00% -	Goodlow			
Mildred 100.00% - Navarro Valley 100.00% - Oak Valley 100.00% - Powell 100.00% - Retreat 100.00% - Rice 100.00% - Richland 100.00% 83,234 Total Cities 55,940,795 School District (% of assessed value) 100.00% 2,099,632 Bynum 0.67% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4,74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 38,901,442	Kerens			
Navarro Valley			200,403	
Oak Valley 100.00% - Powell 100.00% - Retreat 100.00% - Rice 100.00% - Richland 100.00% 83,234 Total Cities 55,940,795 School District (% of assessed value) 100.00% 2,099,632 Bynum 0.67% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 38,901,442	Navarro Vallev			
Powell 100.00%				
Retreat 100.00% - Rice 100.00% - Richland 100.00% 83,234 Total Cities 55,940,795 School District (% of assessed value) 100.00% 2,099,632 Bynum 0,67% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0,43% 854,276 Fairfield 4,74% 1,311,982 Frost 99,28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 38,901,442				
Rice Richland 100.00% 83,234 Total Cities 55,940,795 School District (% of assessed value) 100.00% 2,099,632 Bynum 0.67% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4,74% 1,311,982 Frost 99,28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 100.00% 38,901,442 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Cotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461				
Richland 100.00% 83,234 Total Cities 55,940,795 School District (% of assessed value) 100.00% 2,099,632 Blooming Grove 100.00% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99,28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Rice			
Total Cities	Richland		83 234	
School District (% of assessed value) 100.00% 2,099,632 Bynum 0.67% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Total Cities	100.0076		
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Bynum 0.67% 15,165 Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461		100 00%	2 000 632	
Corsicana 100.00% 63,053,430 Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461				
Dawson 100.00% 4,708,565 Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 204,461				
Ennis 0.43% 854,276 Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Dawson			
Fairfield 4.74% 1,311,982 Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Ennis			
Frost 99.28% 982,176 Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Fairfield			
Kerens 100.00% 2,429,847 Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Frost			
Mildred 100.00% 15,033,448 Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Kerens			
Rice 100.00% 12,294,592 Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Mildred			
Wortham 100.00% 6,836,416 Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Rice			
Total School Districts 109,619,529 Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461	Wortham			
Colleges Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Fotal indirect debt 100.00% 204,461		100.0070		
Navarro College 100.00% 38,901,442 Total indirect debt 100.00% 204,461			109,019,329	
204,401		100.00%	38,901,442	
Fotal direct and overlanning debt	Total indirect debt	100.00%		204,461,766
	Fotal direct and overlapping debt		\$	206,372,809

Source: Net debt information in this table was obtained by direct contact with each jurisdiction without further verification, except school districts. School district information obtained from TEA website.

Note: The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2012	_	2011		2010		2009
Assessed value of real property	\$	3,118,133,301	\$	3,038,542,593	\$	2,919,778,324	\$	2,816,672,430
Debt limit rate		5%		5%	_	5%		5%
Debt limit		155,906,665		151,927,130		145,988,916		140,833,622
Debt applicable to limit:								100
Total bonded debt		1,500,000		1,970,000		2,430,000		2,850,000
Less: amount set aside for repayment	- 1	91,369		94,083		107,392		177,069
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	1,408,631	-	1,875,917	/ -	2,322,608		2,672,931
Legal debt margin	\$_	154,498,034	\$_	150,051,213	\$_	143,666,308	\$_	138,160,691
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.90%		1.23%		1.59%		1.90%

Source: Navarro County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

Figcal	T. 7
HICCOL	Vegr

2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	
\$	2,624,937,438 5%	\$	1,958,390,830 5%	\$	1,740,389,521 5%	\$_	1,624,525,914 5%	\$	1,553,722,041 5%	\$	1,485,717,228 5%
1	131,246,872	-	97,919,542	-	87,019,476	_	81,226,296	-	77,686,102		74,285,861
	3,655,000 143,082		3,655,000 215,793		4,060,000 225,128		4,445,000 217,512		4,625,000 146,289		4,900,000 25,731
-	3,511,918	_	3,439,207	-	3,834,872		4,227,488		4,478,711		4,874,269
\$_	127,734,954	\$_	94,480,335	\$_	83,184,604	\$_	76,998,808	\$_	73,207,391	\$_	69,411,592
	2.68%		3.51%		4.41%		5.20%		5.77%		6.56%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

			County			State	United
Calendar Year	Estimated Population ^a	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	of Texas Per Capita Personal Income ^a	States Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2012	47,979	N/A	N/A	9,650	8.8%	N/A	N/A
2011	47,812	\$ 988,274	\$ 20,670	9,666	6.1%	\$ 40,147	\$ 41,560
2010	47,735	895,079	18,751	9,644	9.3%	37,706	39,945
2009	49,440	892,886	18,060	9,493	8.3%	38,546	39,626
2008	48,950	856,760	16,874	9,439	5.7%	37,774	40,208
2007	48,950	1,234,910	25,228	9,570	5.0%	37,187	38,611
2006	48,450	1,196,404	24,359	9,421	4.9%	35,058	36,629
2005	48,695	1,126,606	23,136	N/A	5.1%	33,160	34,685
2004	48,123	1,067,445	22,182	N/A	5.7%	30,887	33,072
2003	47,371	1,012,538	21,375	N/A	7.6%	29,340	31,466

Sources:

- a Texas Workforce Commission , U. S Census Bureau , Bureau of Economic Analysis
- b Texas Education Agency
- c U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Certain of above data have been left blank as the information is not available to Navarro County at this time.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(Unaudited)

			2012
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment ^a
			Different
Corsican I.S.D	Government / Education	811	3.88%
Russell Stover Candies	Candy Manufacturing	680	3.25%
Navarro Regional Hospital	Hospital	354	1.69%
Navarro College	College	321	1.53%
Guardian Industries	Glass Manufacturing	318	1.52%
Texas Youth Commission	Government/State Home	299	1.43%
Navarro County	Government/County	284	1.36%
City of Corsicana	Government/City	284	1.36%
Corsicana Bedding	Bedding	257	1.23%
Heritage Oaks / Heritage Oaks West	Assisted Living Centers	236	1.13%
Kohl's Distribution Center	Warehousing/retail	200	0.96%
Oil City Iron Works	Castings	172	0.82%
Collin Street Bakery	Fruitcakes (seasonal)	150	0.72%
Tru- Serve / True Value Distribution	Hardware store distribution center	149	0.71%
Community National Bank & Trust	Texas State Commission	114	0.55%
Corsicana Technologies, Inc.	Building Materials	98	0.47%
Mobil/Exxon Pipeline	Storage Facility	55	0.26%
Nothrop Grunman Information Technology	Information Technology	50	0.24%
Firestone Building Products	Building Materials	23	0.11%
Total		4,855	23.21%

Source: Corsicana/Navarro County Chamber of Commerce

Note: Information for 2003 is not available.

a - September 30, 2012, total employment per Texas Workforce Commission



Mavarro County Courthouse

FULLTIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year								
Function/Program	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
General government										
Elected/appointed officials	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Clerical	38	37	37	36	44	42	42	40	38	38
Building maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Environmental	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Judicial										
Judges/justices of the peace	7	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant prosecutors	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Paraprofessionals	5	5	5	4	5	6	6	6	6	(
Clerical	13	13	13	14	13	11	10	10	5	8
Public safety										
County sheriff	1	% 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	- 1	1
Constables	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	-
Patrol/CID	28	28	40	34	29	29	26	27	30	31
Jailers	72	72	77	67	78	79	64	66	63	64
Administration	12	12	18	20	15	23	27	19	14	29
Juvenile probation	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1
Communications	13	13	13	13		•		-	-	-
lealth and welfare										
Indigent health care	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
oads and highways										
County Commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Road employees	34	34	34	33	33	32	36	34	35	39
Total	248	248	271	255	250	255	244	235	223	247

Source: Navarro County Treasurer

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal	Year	
Function/Program	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Government			The second	- 4
Auditor's office				
Accounts payable checks issued	7,374	8,474	9,232	11,576
Treasurer's office				11,5.0
Payroll checks issued	1,060	1,568	1,706	1,906
Cash receipts issued	3,205	3,538	2,727	2,611
County clerk			- 1	,,,,,,
Marriage licenses issued	393	400	395	380
Declarations of informal marriage	8	9	14	4
Birth certificates issued	580	474	470	650
Death certificates issued	422	379	393	553
Tax office				
Title transactions	11,324	10,554	10,079	9,873
Registration transactions	50,368	49,015	48,819	48,746
Tax certificates issued	1,768	1,569	1,602	1,496
Liquor receipts issued	22	16	25	39
Beer and wine receipts issued	40	13	44	53
Elections administration				
Number of registered voters	26,631	26,448	26,233	26,949
Judicial				
District court				
Civil cases filed	821	1,264	1,377	1,413
Civil cases disposed	920	1,035	1,401	1,330
Criminal cases filed	705	827	777	696
Criminal cases disposed	829	876	873	791
Juvenile cases filed	32	28	51	62
Juvenile cases disposed	18	28	55	67
County court				
Civil cases filed	109	1,264	183	138
Civil cases disposed	301	1,035	144	121
Criminal cases filed	1,781	827	1,382	1,476
Criminal cases disposed	1,755	876	1,702	2,074
Justices of the peace	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,.02	_,0 / .
Civil cases filed	625	549	475	462
Civil cases disposed	452	403	402	511
Criminal cases filed	6,255	6,813	8,130	7,246
Criminal cases disposed	4,539	7,285	7,915	6,563

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Vear

		Fiscal '	Year		
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
9,389	9,673	9,655	11,513	11,387	13,914
7,000	2,073	,,033	11,515	11,567	13,514
2,192	2,573	2,870	3,215	3,411	3,776
2,959	2,456	2,315	2,744	2,878	3,069
377	425	435	432	402	483
7	12	5	7	6	9
1,864	1,938	1,918	1,897	2,046	1,940
451	468	461	427	439	438
11,343	11,043	11,144	1,593	10,806	10,952
48,077	46,857	46,561	44,930	42,901	41,994
1,731	1,868	1,606	1,988	1,844	2,061
32	36	17	70	22	7
45	52	54	41	28	N/A
25,067	27,555	27,122	27,396	26,670	27,270
1,422	1,468	1,545	1,146	1,366	1,354
1,307	1,666	1,435	1,289	1,478	1,446
730	1,058	881	762	759	686
814	730	675	707	744	643
41	46	51	45	66	48
44	59	44	58	65	42
109	111	144	96	148	116
94	99	89	99	118	86
1,948	2,783	2,663	2,551	2,277	1,815
2,054	2,534	2,425	2,311	1,882	1,727
764	524	495	453	484	561
491	421	410	358	422	438
10,256	10,917	11,414	11,775	12,301	10,228
10,595	10,465	9,660	10,220	9,680	9,851

(continued)

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2012	2011	2010	2009						
Public Safety										
County jail										
Detention officers	72	72	72	72						
Total persons jailed	3,884	4,232	4,201	3,813						
Average prisoner days	193	205	194	190						
Cost per prisoner day	\$ 71.13	\$ 65.74	\$ 71.70	\$ 76.19						
County sheriff				, ,,,,,						
Administration officers	12	12	12	12						
Patrol officers	21	24	24	24						
Detectives	7	7	7	7						
Environmental officers	2	2	2	2						
Arrests - NCSO	1,815	1,406	1,406	1,447						
Warrants served- NCSO	538	633	699	693						
Communications				0,5						
Communications officers	13	13	13	13						
911 calls	22,798	22,177	20,532	20,792						
Calls for service	16,524	16,841	17,443	18,013						
NCSO vehicles		,	11,113	10,013						
Vehicles in fleet	79	66	66	69						
Miles driven	885,112	1,216,911	932,488	920,401						
Average miles per vehicle	11,204	18,438	14,129	13,945						
Gasoline used (gallons)	68,693	64,484	64,720	61,420						
Health and welfare										
Number of pauper burial/cremation		2	6	2						
Indigent health care										
Applications approved for assistance			192	155						
Texas AgriLife Extension Service			7.00	100						
Number of educational presentations	581	338	332	454						
Number of participants in										
educational presentations	16,082	11,825	20,405	16,564						
Roads and highways										
Miles of roadways chip sealed	16	16	1	2.0						
Miles of roadways reconstructed	2	30	82	12.0						
Miles of roadways overlayed	7	16	35	12.0						
Number of culverts installed	91	95	47	45						

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

2008	2007	2007	0005	0001	
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
13 200					
78	63	51	50	53	5
3,806	3,832	4,077	4,194	4,178	3,88
231	233	205	212	198	19
105.33	\$ 50.97	\$ 50.05	\$ 45.27	\$ 43.58	\$ 45.5
15	12	12	12	12	1
24	24	24	23	20	2
7	7	7	7	7	
2	2	2	2	1	
1,366	1,444	1,378	1,470	1,243	1,18
674	812	729	793	595	54
13	13	13	13	13	1
20,585	19,600	20,200	N/A	N/A	N/A
17,883	18,004	18,931	19,602	17,951	16,13
56	60	66	64	56	5
959,457	869,662	980,468	867,876	959,457	947,43
17,133	14,494	14,418	13,506	17,133	17,01
57,971	65,435	57,958	53,081	57,971	57,65
5	7	7	4	5	
97	120	109	121	97	8
243	410	258	238	243	22
9,930	14,866	12,243	10,502	9,930	9,09
1.6		4.1	6.9	1.6	1.
3.7	2.2	6.4	5.0	3.7	3.
33.7	0.0	34.8	37.8	33.7	22
49	76	72	45	49	6:

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

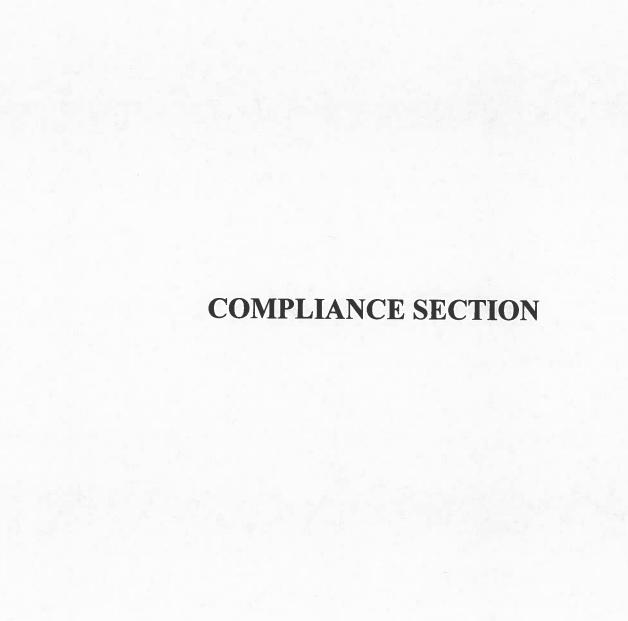
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

]	Fiscal Year	г			
Function/Program	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
General government										
Courthouse	1	1	1	- 1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Touchscreen voting machines	139	135	135	135	135	135	135	120		
Security scan systems	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			-
Public safety										
Justice center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 -	1	- 1
Sheriff's vehicles	73	67	68	68	69	60	66	64	56	57
Emergency management										
Mobile command center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Emergency operations center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Roads and highways										
County maintenance facilities	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5
Miles of road	916	916	916	916	916	916	916	928	928	928
Bridges	85	85	85	85	84	84	84	87	87	87

Sources:

County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses (2012-1).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Commissioners' Court, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

April 29, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

Compliance

We have audited Navarro County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2012. Navarro County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Navarro County, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Navarro County, Texas' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Navarro County, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Navarro County, Texas' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Navarro County, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Navarro County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Navarro County, Texas' internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Navarro County, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to each of Navarro County's major programs and our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of our testing, and to provide an opinion on Navarro County's compliance but not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Navarro County's internal control over compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Navarro County's compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and its internal control over compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

April 29, 2013

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Justice			
Direct Programs:			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Grant	16.572	2012-H4962-TX-AP	\$ 28,191
Total Direct Programs			28,191
Passed through Office of the Governor Criminal Justice Division			
Victim's Assistance Grant	16.575	VA-11-V30-21620-03	30,968
Total Passed through Office of the Governor Criminal Justice	Division		30,968
Total U. S. Department of Justice			59,159
U. S. General Services Administration			
Passed through Texas Secretary of State:			
HAVA -Team Comparability	39.011	79165	3,587
Total Passed through Texas Secretary of State			3,587
Total U.S. General Services Administration			3,587
U. S. Department of Energy			
Passed through Texas Energy Conservation Office:			
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block (EECBG)-ARRA	81.128	CS0983	115,153
Total Passed through Texas Energy Conservation Office			115,153
Total U.S. Department of Energy			115,153
U. S. Elections Assistance Commission Passed through Texas Secretary of State:			
HAVA - General Compliance	90.401	78650	13,454
Total Passed through Texas Secretary of State			13,454
Total U.S. Elections Assistance Commission			13,454
U. S. Office of National Drug Control Policy Direct Programs:			
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	G10NT0001A	244.026
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	GIINT0001A	344,926
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	G12NT0001A	1,284,816 928,174
Total Direct Programs	73.001	GIZITIOUGIA	2,557,916
Total U. S. Office of National Drug Control Policy			2,557,916
U. S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	DR-4029	117,729
Total Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety			117,729
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			117,729
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			
94			\$ 2,866,998

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of Navarro County, Texas, for the year ended September 30, 2012. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies and other agencies are included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the County's financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted? None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section

510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number Name of Federal Program:

95.001 High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

Item 2012-1:

Condition: The revolving and clearing bank account is not reconciled to the

general ledger monthly.

<u>Criteria</u>: All bank reconciliations should be performed timely in order to detect

errors intentional or unintentional.

<u>Cause</u>: Internal controls to ensure the revolving and clearing bank account is

reconciled timely are not implemented.

Effect: The lack of controls creates an environment in which errors could go

undetected within a timely manner.

Recommendation: The revolving and clearing bank account should be reconciled

monthly.

Management's Response: Management will review the process over revolving and clearing bank

reconciliations.

Contact Person Responsible

for Corrective Action: Frank Hull – County Treasurer

Anticipated Completion Date: Fiscal year 2013

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are
Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally
Accepted Government Auditing Standards

Item 2011-1:

Condition: Clerks in the District Clerk's office share one cash drawer and one

password when processing cash collections.

<u>Criteria</u>: Internal controls should be in place to prevent or detect fraudulent

activities.

<u>Cause</u>: The controls over cash collections are not properly designed.

Effect: The lack of controls creates an easy way for money to be taken or lost

with no way of tracing the transaction.

Recommendation: Each clerk who takes in cash should have their own cash drawer and

their own password. In addition, passwords should not be shared with

other clerks.

Management's Response: Management will review the activities in the office and develop

procedures to prevent and detect fraudulent activity.

<u>Current Status</u>: This matter has been resolved.

Item 2011-2:

Condition: The revolving and clearing bank account is not reconciled to the

general ledger monthly.

<u>Criteria</u>: All bank reconciliations should be performed timely in order to detect

errors intentional or unintentional.

<u>Cause</u>: Internal controls to ensure the revolving and clearing bank account is

reconciled timely are not implemented.

(continued)

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Item 2011-2: (Continued)

Effect: The lack of controls creates an environment in which errors could go

undetected within a timely manner.

Recommendation: The revolving and clearing bank account should be reconciled

monthly.

Management's Response: Management will review the process over revolving and clearing bank

reconciliations.

Current Status: See 2012-1 finding.

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None